



Keren's Nursery Holland Park- Policies 2024-2025

Safeguarding children.....	3
1.1 Children's rights and entitlements	3
1.2 Safeguarding children and child protection	5
1.3 Looked after children.....	14
1.4 Uncollected child	18
1.5 Missing child	19
1.6 Use of mobile phones and cameras.....	23
1.6 Use of mobile phones and cameras.....	25
1.7 Prevent Duty	26
1.8 Social Media	30
1.9 Whistleblowing Policy and Procedure.....	31
Suitable People	35
2.1 Employment.....	35
2.2 Student placements	38
2.3 Employment and staffing.....	40
2.4 DISCIPLINARY POLICY AND PROCEDURE.....	42
2.5 GRIEVANCE POLICY & PROCEDURE.....	47
2.6 Keren's Nursery Golden Rules for staff members, students and parent helpers.....	49
3.0 Staff Qualifications, Training, Support and Skills.....	50
3.1 Induction of employees and volunteers	50
3.2 First aid	51
3.3 Supervisory meetings.....	53
3.4 Staff Training.....	54
4.0 Key Person.....	55
4.1 The role of the key person and settling-in	55
5.0 Staff Child Ratio	58
5.1 Staffing	58
6.0 Health.....	59
6.1 Administering medicines	59
6.2 Managing children who are sick, infectious, or with allergies	63
6.3 Recording and reporting of accidents and incidents.....	67
6.4 Nappy changing.....	69
6.5 Food and drink.....	71
6.6 Individual Health Plan	74
6.7 Sun Care.....	76
6.8 Severe Weather Policy.....	77

6.9 Physical Development Policy	77
HEALTHY EARLY YEARS LONDON	78
Keren’s Nursery Food and Drink Statement	78
7.0 Managing Behaviour	83
7.1 Promoting Positive Behaviour	83
8.0 Safety and Suitability of premises, environment and equipment	86
8.1 Health and safety general standards	86
8.2 Maintaining children’s safety and security on premises.....	91
8.3 Supervision of children on outings and visits.....	92
8.4 Risk assessment	94
8.5 Fire safety and emergency evacuation.....	96
8.6 Animals in the setting.....	98
8.7 No-smoking	100
8.10. Keren’s Nursery HOLLAND PARK Invacuation Procedure.....	100
9.0 Equal Opportunities	103
9.1 Valuing diversity and promoting equality	103
9.2 Supporting children with special educational needs.....	108
9.5 Arrival and Departure Policy and Procedure	110
10 Information and Records	113
10.1 Keren’s Nursery Prospectus	113
10.2 Admissions	123
10.4 Parental involvement.....	124
10.5 Children’s records	127
10.6 Provider records	129
10.7 Transfer of records to school.....	131
10.8 Confidentiality and client access to records.....	132
10.9 Information sharing	136
10.10 Working in partnership with other agencies.....	141
10.11 Making a complaint.....	142
10.14 Privacy Policy.....	145

Safeguarding children

1.1 Children's rights and entitlements

Policy statement

We promote children's rights to be *strong, resilient and listened to* by creating an environment in our setting that encourages children to develop a positive self image, which includes their heritage arising from their colour and ethnicity, their languages spoken at home, their religious beliefs, cultural traditions and home background.

We promote children's rights to be *strong, resilient and listened to* by encouraging children to develop a sense of autonomy and independence.

We promote children's rights to be *strong, resilient and listened to* by enabling children to have the self-confidence and the vocabulary to resist inappropriate approaches.

We help children to establish and sustain satisfying relationships within their families, with peers, and with other adults.

We work with parents to build their understanding of, and commitment to, the principles of safeguarding all our children.

What it means to promote children's rights and entitlements to be '*strong, resilient and listened to.*'

To be strong means to be:

secure in their foremost attachment relationships where they are loved and cared for, by at least one person who is able to offer consistent, positive and unconditional regard and who can be relied on;

safe and valued as individuals in their families and in relationships beyond the family, such as day care or school;

self assured and form a positive sense of themselves – including all aspects of their identity and heritage;

included equally and belong in early years settings and in community life;

confident in abilities and proud of their achievements;

progressing optimally in all aspects of their development and learning;

to be part of a peer group in which to learn to negotiate, develop social skills and identity as global citizens, respecting the rights of others in a diverse world; and to participate and be able to represent themselves in aspects of service delivery that affects them as well as aspects of key decisions that affect their lives.

To be resilient means to:

be sure of their self worth and dignity;

be able to be assertive and state their needs effectively;

be able to overcome difficulties and problems;

be positive in their outlook on life;

be able to cope with challenge and change;

have a sense of justice towards self and others;

to develop a sense of responsibility towards self and others; and

to be able to represent themselves and others in key decision making processes.

To be listened to means:

adults who are close to children recognise their need and right to express and communicate their thoughts, feelings and ideas;

adults who are close to children are able to tune in to their verbal, sign and body language in order to understand and interpret what is being expressed and communicated;

adults who are close to children are able to respond appropriately and, when required, act upon their understanding of what children express and communicate; and

adults respect children's rights and facilitate children's participation and representation in imaginative and child centred ways in all aspects of core services.

1.2 Safeguarding children and child protection

(Including managing allegations of abuse against a member of staff)

Policy statement

Our setting will work with children, parents and the community to ensure the rights and safety of children and to give them the very best start in life. Our safeguarding policy is based on the three key commitments of the Pre-school Learning Alliance Safeguarding Children Policy.

Procedures

We carry out the following procedures to ensure we meet the three key commitments of Keren's Nursery's Safeguarding Children Policy.

Key commitment 1

Keren's Nursery is committed to building a 'culture of safety' in which children are protected from abuse and harm in all areas of its service delivery.

Staff and volunteers

Our designated person who co-ordinates child protection issues is: Natalia Moldoveanu

We ensure all staff are trained to understand our safeguarding policies and procedures and that parents are made aware of them, too.

All staff have an up-to-date knowledge of safeguarding issues.

We provide adequate and appropriate staffing resources to meet the needs of children.

Applicants for posts within the setting are clearly informed that the positions are exempt from the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974.

Candidates are informed of the need to carry out 'enhanced disclosure' checks with the Criminal Records Bureau before posts can be confirmed.

Where applications are rejected because of obtaining information that has been disclosed, applicants have the right to know and to challenge incorrect information.

We abide by Ofsted requirements in respect of references and Criminal Record Bureau checks for staff and volunteers, to ensure that no disqualified person or unsuitable person works at the setting or has access to the children.

Volunteers do not work unsupervised.

We record information about staff qualifications, and the identity checks and vetting processes that have been completed including:

the criminal records disclosure reference number;
the date the disclosure was obtained; and
details of who obtained it.

We inform all staff that they are expected to disclose any convictions, cautions, court orders or reprimands and warnings which may affect their suitability to work with children (whether received before or during their employment with us).

We abide by the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act (2006) requirements in respect of any person who is dismissed from our employment, or resigns in circumstances that would otherwise have led to dismissal for reasons of a child protection concern.

We have procedures for recording the details of visitors to the setting.

We take security steps to ensure that we have control over who comes into the setting so that no unauthorised person has unsupervised access to the children.

We take steps to ensure children are not photographed or filmed on video for any other purpose than to record their development or their participation in events organised by us. Parents sign a consent form and have access to records holding visual images of their child.

Key commitment 2

Keren's Nursery is committed to responding promptly and appropriately to all incidents or concerns of abuse that may occur and to work with statutory agencies in accordance with the procedures that are set down in 'What to do if you're worried a child is being abused' (https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/419604/What_to_do_if_you_re_worried_a_child_is_being_abused.pdf), March 2015.

Responding to suspicions of abuse

We acknowledge that abuse of children can take different forms - physical, emotional, and sexual, as well as neglect and radicalisation.

When children are suffering from physical, sexual or emotional abuse, or may be experiencing neglect, this may be demonstrated through:

significant changes in their behaviour;

deterioration in their general well-being;

their comments which may give cause for concern, or the things they say (direct or indirect);

disclosure;

changes in their appearance, their behaviour, or their play;

unexplained bruising, marks or signs of possible abuse or neglect; and any reason to suspect neglect or abuse outside the setting.

We take into account factors affecting parental capacity, such as social exclusion, domestic violence, parent's drug or alcohol abuse, mental or physical illness or parent's learning disability.

We are aware of other factors that affect children's vulnerability such as, abuse of disabled children; fabricated or induced illness; child abuse linked to beliefs in spirit possession; sexual exploitation of children, such as through internet abuse; and Female Genital Mutilation; that may affect, or may have affected, children and young people using our provision.

We also make ourselves aware that some children and young people are affected by gang activity, by complex, multiple or organised abuse, through forced marriage or honour based violence or may be victims of child trafficking. While this may be less likely to affect young children in our care, we may become aware of any of these factors affecting older children and young people who we may come into contact with.

Where we believe that a child in our care or that is known to us may be affected by any of these factors we follow the procedures below for reporting child protection concerns.

Where such evidence is apparent, the child's key person makes a dated record of the details of the concern and discusses what to do with the member of staff who is acting as the 'designated person'. The information is stored on the child's personal file.

We refer concerns to the local authority children's social care department and co-operate fully in any subsequent investigation. NB: In some cases, this may mean the police or another agency identified by the Local Safeguarding Children Board.

We take care not to influence the outcome either through the way we speak to children or by asking questions of children.

We take account of the need to protect young people aged 16-19 as defined by the Children's Act 1989. This may include students or school children on work placement, young employees or young parents. Where abuse is suspected we follow the procedure for reporting any other child protection concerns. The views of the young person will always be taken into account, but the setting may override the young person's refusal to consent to share information if it feels that it is necessary to prevent a crime from being committed or intervene where one may have been, or to prevent harm to a child or adult. Sharing confidential information without consent is done only where not sharing it could be worse than the outcome of having shared it.

Recording suspicions of abuse and disclosures

Where a child makes comments to a member of staff that gives cause for concern (disclosure), observes signs or signals that gives cause for concern, such as significant changes in behaviour; deterioration in general well-being; unexplained bruising, marks or signs of possible abuse or neglect that member of staff:

listens to the child, offers reassurance and gives assurance that she or he will take action; does not question the child;

makes a written record that forms an objective record of the observation or disclosure that includes:

the date and time of the observation or the disclosure;

the exact words spoken by the child as far as possible;

the name of the person to whom the concern was reported, with date and time; and

the names of any other person present at the time.

These records are signed and dated and kept in the child's personal file which is kept securely and confidentially.

The member of staff acting as the 'designated person' is informed of the issue at the earliest opportunity.

Where the Local Safeguarding Children Board stipulates the process for recording and sharing concerns, we include those procedures alongside this procedure and follow the steps set down by the Local Safeguarding Children Board.

Making a referral to the local authority children's social care team

The Pre-school Learning Alliance's publication 'Child Protection Record' contains detailed procedures for making a referral to the local social care team, as well as a template form for recording concerns and making a referral. This is based on 'What to do if you're worried a child is being abused' (HMG March 2016). You can speak to the LSCP

Telephone: 020 7361 3013

In writing: LSCB c/o 2nd Floor (Orange Zone) Kensington Town Hall, Hornton Street, London, W8 7NX

We keep a copy of this document and follow the detailed guidelines given.

All members of staff are familiar with the Alliance's Child Protection Record and follow the procedures for recording and reporting.

Informing parents

Parents are normally the first point of contact. We discuss concerns with parents to gain their view of events, unless we feel this may put the child in greater danger.

We inform parents when we make a record of concerns in their child's file and that we also make a note of any discussion we have with them regarding a concern.

If a suspicion of abuse warrants referral to social care, parents are informed at the same time that the referral will be made, except where the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Children Board does not allow this, for example, where it is believed that the child may be placed in greater danger.

This will usually be the case where the parent is the likely abuser. In these cases, the social workers will inform parents.

Liaison with other agencies

We work within the Local Safeguarding Children Board guidelines.

We have the current version of 'What to do if you're worried a child is being abused' available for parents and staff and ensure that all staff are familiar with what they need to do if they have concerns.

We have procedures for contacting the local authority regarding child protection issues, including maintaining a list of names, address and telephone numbers of social workers, to ensure that it is easy, in any emergency, for the setting and children's social care to work well together.

We notify the registration authority (Ofsted) of any incident or accident and any changes in our arrangements which may affect the well-being of children or where an allegation of abuse is made against a member of staff (whether the allegations relate to harm or abuse committed on our premises or elsewhere). Notifications to Ofsted are made as soon as is reasonably practicable, but at the latest within 14 days of the allegations being made. Contact details for the local National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children (NSPCC) are also kept.

Allegations against staff

We ensure that all parents know how to complain about the behaviour or actions of staff or volunteers within the setting, or anyone living or working on the premises occupied by the setting, which may include an allegation of abuse.

We respond to any inappropriate behaviour displayed by members of staff or any other person working with the children, which includes:

inappropriate sexual comments;

Excessive one-to-one attention beyond the requirements of their usual role and responsibilities, or inappropriate sharing of images.

We follow the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Children Board when responding to any complaint that a member of staff or volunteer within the setting, or anyone living or working on the premises occupied by the setting, has abused a child.

We respond to any disclosure by children or staff that abuse by a member of staff or volunteer within the setting or anyone living or working on the premises occupied by the setting, may have taken, or is taking place, by first recording the details of any such alleged incident.

We refer any such complaint immediately to the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO/ Management of Allegation); Telephone: 020 7361 2120; email:

kclado.enquiries@rbkc.gov.uk

- Safer Organizations Manager & Local Authority Designated Officer: Aqualma Daniel; tel: 07870 481 712; email: Aqualma.daniel@rbkc.gov.uk

We also report any such alleged incident to Ofsted and what measures we have taken.

We are aware that it is an offence not to do this.

We co-operate entirely with any investigation carried out by children's social care in conjunction with the police.

Where the management team and children's social care agree it is appropriate in the circumstances, the owner/director will suspend the member of staff on full pay, or the volunteer, for the duration of the investigation. This is not an indication of admission that the alleged incident has taken place, but is to protect the staff as well as children and families throughout the process.

Disciplinary action

Where a member of staff or volunteer has been dismissed due to engaging in activities that caused concern for the safeguarding of children or vulnerable adults, we will notify the Disclosure and Barring Service of relevant information, so that individuals who pose a threat to children (and vulnerable groups) can be identified and barred from working with these groups.

Key commitment 3

Keren's Nursery is committed to promoting awareness of child abuse issues throughout its training and learning programmes for adults. It is also committed to empowering young children, through its early childhood curriculum, promoting their right to be strong, resilient and listened to.

Training

We seek out training opportunities for all adults involved in the setting to ensure that they are able to recognise the signs and signals of possible physical abuse, emotional abuse, sexual abuse and neglect and that they are aware of the local authority guidelines for making referrals.

We ensure that designated persons receive training in accordance with that recommended by the Local Safeguarding Children Board.

We ensure that all staff know the procedures for reporting and recording any concerns they may have about the provision.

Planning

The layout of the rooms allows for constant supervision. No child is left alone with staff or volunteers in a one-to-one situation without being visible to others.

Curriculum

We introduce key elements of keeping children safe into our programme to promote the personal, social and emotional development of all children, so that they may grow to be *strong, resilient and listened to* and that they develop an understanding of why and how to keep safe.

We create within the setting a culture of value and respect for the individual, having positive regard for children's heritage arising from their colour, ethnicity, languages spoken at home, cultural and social background.

We ensure that this is carried out in a way that is developmentally appropriate for the children.

Confidentiality

All suspicions and investigations are kept confidential and shared only with those who need to know. Any information is shared under the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Children Board.

Support to families

We believe in building trusting and supportive relationships with families, staff and volunteers in the group.

We make clear to parents our role and responsibilities in relation to child protection, such as for the reporting of concerns, providing information, monitoring of the child, and liaising at all times with the local children's social care team.

We will continue to welcome the child and the family whilst investigations are being made in relation to any alleged abuse.

We follow the Child Protection Plan as set by the child's social care worker in relation to the setting's designated role and tasks in supporting that child and their family, subsequent to any investigation.

Confidential records kept on a child are shared with the child's parents or those who have parental responsibility for the child in accordance with the Confidentiality and Client Access to Records procedure and only if appropriate under the guidance of the Local Safeguarding Children Board.

Consultation and Advice about a child/young person resident in The Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea:

Kensington and Chelsea Duty Line – Tel: 020 7361 3013 (Out of hours – 020 7361 3013)

Contact details for RBKC children's services:

Email: socialservices@rbkc.gov.uk

Tel: 020 7361 3013

Alexandra Handford

Safeguarding Manager (Acting)

Telephone: 0207 598 4638

Mobile: 07973 564580

Email: Alexandra.Handford@rbkc.gov

*Specialism: Child Sexual Exploitation

Sarah Stalker

Family Support and Child Protection Adviser

Telephone: 020 7598 4640

Mobile: 07971 322 482

Email: Sarah.Stalker@rbkc.gov.uk

*Specialism: FGM Mon/Tues/Wed only

Stacey Duncan

Family Support and Child Protection Adviser

Telephone: 020 7854 5979

Mobile: 07896 271 561

Email: Stacey.Duncan@rbkc.gov.uk Thurs/Fri only

Tri-Borough Safeguarding and Child Protection Training, Consultation and Advice for Schools and Education:

Hilary Shaw

Tri-Borough Safeguarding and Child Protection Schools and Education Officer

Telephone: 020 7598 4876

Mobile: 07817 365 519

Email: Hilary.Shaw@rbkc.gov.uk

Marissa Asli

Tri-Borough Safeguarding and Education – Liaison and Training Co-ordinator

Telephone: 020 7598 4886

Mobile: 07739 315 432

Email: Marissa.Aslibangura@rbkc.gov.uk

Tri-Borough Private Fostering

Rochell-Ann Naidoo

Tri-Borough Senior Practitioner, Private Fostering Advisor

Telephone: 0207 641 7564

Email: rnaidoo@wstminster.gov.uk

Tri-Borough FGM

Shruti Clayton

Child Protection Adviser

Telephone: 020 7641 1610

Email: shruti.clayton@rbkc.gov.uk

*Specialism: Tri-Borough Lead for Safeguarding Across Faith and Culture and FGM

Tri-Borough PREVENT

Simon McTurk

Bi-borough Prevent Officer – Counter Extremism

Telephone: 020 8753 6918

Email: Simon.McTurk@lbhf.gov.uk

Mark Chalmers

Prevent Programme Manager, Westminster enquiries only

Telephone: 020 7641 603

Email: mchalmers@westminster.gov.uk

Tri-Borough Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH)

Cherie Gathoni

Tri-Borough MASH Business Support Officer

Telephone: 020 7641 3991

Email: cgathoni@westminster.gov.uk (or talk to the designated MASH lead for your agency)

Esohoe Erhahon

Education Lead, Tri-Borough MASH

Telephone: 020 7641 5026

Email: eerhahon@westminster.gov.uk

Contact details for the Tri-Borough Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) for referral and management of allegations against staff:

Rupinder Virdee (temporary LADO)

Safe Organisation Manager and Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)

Telephone: 020 7641 6108

Email: rupinder.virdee@rbkc.gov.uk

In an emergency call the police on 999.

1.3 Looked after children

Policy statement

We are committed to providing quality provision based on equality of opportunity for all children and their families. All staff in our provision are committed to doing all they can to enable 'looked after' children in our care to achieve and reach their full potential.

Children become 'looked after' if they have either been taken into care by the local authority, or have been accommodated by the local authority (a voluntary care arrangement). Most looked after children will be living in foster homes, but a smaller number may be in a children's home, living with a relative or even placed back home with their natural parent(s).

We recognise that children who are being looked after have often experienced traumatic situations; physical, emotional or sexual abuse, neglect or radicalisation. However, we also recognise that not all looked after children have experienced abuse and that there are a range of reasons for children to be taken in to the care of the local authority. Whatever the reason, a child's separation from their home and family signifies a disruption in their lives that has an impact on their emotional well-being. Most local authorities do not place children under five with foster carers who work outside the home; however, there are instances when this does occur or where the child has been placed with another family member who works. It is not appropriate for a looked after child who is under two years to be placed in a day care setting in addition to a foster placement.

We place emphasis on promoting children's right's to be strong, resilient and listened to. Our policy and practice guidelines for looked after children are based on two important concepts: attachment and resilience. The basis of this is to promote secure attachments in children's lives, as the foundation for resilience. These aspects of well-being underpin the child's responsiveness to learning and enable the development of positive dispositions for learning. For young children to get the most out of educational opportunities they need to be settled enough with their carer to be able to cope with further separation, a new environment and new expectations made upon them.

Principles

The term 'looked after child' denotes a child's current legal status; this term is never used to categorise a child as standing out from others. We do not refer to such a child using acronyms such as LAC.

We do not normally offer placements for babies and children under two years who are in care; we offer instead other services to enable a child to play and engage with other children while their carer stays with them.

In exceptional circumstances, we offer places to two-year-old children who are in care. In such cases, the child should have been with the foster carer for at least two months and show signs of having formed a secure attachment to the carer, and the placement in the setting will last a minimum of three months.

We offer places for funded three and four-year-olds who are in care to ensure they receive their entitlement to early education. We expect that a child will have been with a foster carer for a minimum of one month and that they will have formed a secure attachment to the carer. We expect that the placement in the setting will last a minimum of six weeks.

We will always offer 'stay and play' provision for a child who is two to five years old who is still settling with their foster carer, or who is only temporarily being looked after.

Where a child who normally attends our setting is taken into care and is cared for by a local foster carer, we will continue to offer the placement for the child.

Procedures

The designated person for looked after children is the Designated Child Protection Co-Ordinator – Alexandra Costin

Every child is allocated a key person before they start and this is no different for a looked after child. The designated person ensures the key person has the information, support and training necessary to meet the looked after child's needs.

The designated person and the key person liaise with agencies, professionals and practitioners involved with the child and his or her family and ensure that appropriate information is gained and shared.

The setting recognises the role of the local authority children's social care department as the child's 'corporate parent' and the key agency in determining what takes place with the child. Nothing changes, especially with regard to the birth parents or foster carer's role in relation to the setting, without prior discussion and agreement with the child's social worker.

At the start of a placement there is a professional's meeting to determine the objectives of the placement and draw up a care plan that incorporates the child's learning needs. This plan is reviewed after two weeks, six weeks and three months. Thereafter at three to six monthly intervals.

The care plan needs to consider issues for the child such as:

their emotional needs and how they are to be met;

how any emotional issues and problems that affect behaviour are to be managed;

their sense of self, culture, language(s) and identity – and how this is to be supported;

their need for sociability and friendship;

their interests and abilities and possible learning journey pathway; and

how any special needs will be supported.

In addition the care plan will also consider:

how information will be shared with the foster carer and local authority (as the 'corporate parent') as well as what information is shared with whom and how it will be recorded and stored;

what contact the child has with his/her birth parent(s) and what arrangements will be in place for supervised contact. If this is to be at the setting, when, where and what form the contact will take will be discussed and agreed;

what written reporting is required;

wherever possible, and where the plan is for the child to return home, the birth parent(s) should be involved in planning; and

with the social worker's agreement, and as part of the plan, the birth parent(s) should be involved in the setting's activities that include parents, such as outings and fun-days etc. alongside the foster carer.

The settling-in process for the child is agreed. It should be the same as for any other child, with the foster carer taking the place of the parent, unless otherwise agreed. It is even more important that the 'proximity' stage is followed until it is visible that the child has formed a sufficient relationship with his or her key person for them to act as a 'secure base' to allow the gradual separation from the foster carer. This process may take longer in some cases, so time needs to be allowed for it to take place without causing further distress or anxiety to the child.

In the first two weeks after settling-in, the child's well-being is the focus of observation, their sociability and their ability to manage their feelings with or without support.

Further observations about communication, interests and abilities will be noted to form a picture of the whole child in relation to the Early Years Foundation Stage prime and specific areas of learning and development.

Concerns about the child will be noted in the child's file and discussed with the foster carer.

If the concerns are about the foster carer's treatment of the child, or if abuse is suspected, these are recorded in the child's file and reported to the child's social care worker according to the setting's safeguarding children procedure.

Regular contact should be maintained with the social worker through planned meetings that will include the foster carer.

The transition to school will be handled sensitively. The designated person and/or the child's key person will liaise with the school, passing on relevant information and documentation with the agreement of the looked after child's birth parents.

1.4 Uncollected child

Policy statement

In the event that a child is not collected by an authorised adult by their expected collection time, we put into practice agreed procedures. The child will receive a high standard of care in order to cause as little distress as possible.

We inform parents/carers of our procedures so that, if they are unavoidably delayed, they will be reassured that their children will be properly cared for.

Procedures

Parents are asked to provide the following specific information when their child starts attending our setting, which is recorded on our Registration Form:

Home address and telephone number - if the parents do not have a telephone, an alternative number must be given, perhaps a neighbour or close relative.

Place of work, address and telephone number (if applicable).

Mobile telephone number (if applicable).

Names, addresses, telephone numbers of adults who are authorised by the parents to collect their child from the setting, for example a child-minder or grandparent.

Who has parental responsibility for the child.

Information about any person who does not have legal access to the child.

On occasions when parents are aware that they will not be at home or in their usual place of work, they inform us in writing of how they can be contacted.

On occasions when parents, or the persons normally authorised to collect the child, are not able to collect the child, they provide us with written details of the name, address and telephone number of the person who will be collecting their child. We agree with parents how to verify the identity of the person who is to collect their child.

Parents are informed that if they are not able to collect the child as planned, they must inform us so that we can begin to take back-up measures. Our contact telephone number is 020 3457 8020 or 07494 540 518 (manager).

If a child is not collected at their expected collection time, we follow the procedures below:

The child's file is checked for any information about changes to the normal collection routines.

If no information is available, parents/carers are contacted at home or at work.

If this is unsuccessful, the adults who are authorised by the parents to collect their child - and whose telephone numbers are recorded on the Registration Form - are contacted.

All reasonable attempts are made to contact the parents or nominated carers.

The child does not leave the premises with anyone other than those named on the Registration Form or in their file.

If no-one collects the child within one hour of their expected collection time and there is no-one who can be contacted to collect the child, we apply the procedures for uncollected children.

We contact the Local Authority Children's Social Care Team: 020 7361 3013

The child stays at the setting in the care of two of our fully-vetted workers, one of whom will be our manager or deputy manager until the child is safely collected either by the parents or by a social care worker.

Social care will aim to find the parent or relative. If they are unable to do so, the child will become looked after by the local authority.

Under no circumstances will we go to look for the parent, nor leave the setting premises with the child.

We ensure that the child is not anxious and we do not discuss our concerns in front of them.

A full written report of the incident is recorded in the child's file.

Depending on circumstances, we reserve the right to charge parents for the additional hours worked.

Ofsted may be informed: **0300 123 4234**

The local Pre-school Learning Alliance Development Worker may also be informed:

Kensington & Chelsea Social Council, Karen White,
karen.white@pre-school.org.uk and 020 7697 2599

1.5 Missing child

Policy statement

Children's safety is our highest priority, both on and off the premises. Every attempt is made, through the implementation of our outings procedure and our exit/entrance

procedure, to ensure the security of children is maintained at all times. In the unlikely event of a child going missing, our missing child procedure is followed.

Procedures

Child going missing on the premises

As soon as it is noticed that a child is missing, the child's key person/the relevant member of staff alerts the nursery manager.

The register is checked to make sure no other child has also gone astray.

Our nursery manager will carry out a thorough search of the building and garden.

Doors and gates are checked to see if there has been a breach of security whereby a child could wander out.

If the child is not found, the nursery manager calls the police immediately and reports the child as missing. If it is suspected that the child may have been abducted, the police are informed of this.

The parent(s) are then called and informed.

A recent photo and a note of what the child is wearing is given to the police.

The nursery manager talks to all staff to find out when and where the child was last seen and records this.

The nursery manager contacts the nursery directors and reports the incident. Where possible, the directors come to the provision immediately to carry out an investigation, with the management team.

Child going missing on an outing

This describes what to do when our staff have taken a small group on an outing, leaving the nursery manager and other staff back in the nursery premises. If the nursery manager has accompanied children on the outing, the procedures are adjusted accordingly. What to do when a child goes missing from a whole group outing may be a little different, as parents usually attend and are responsible for their own child.

As soon as it is noticed that a child is missing, the staff members on the outing ask children to stand with their designated carer and carry out a headcount to ensure that no other child has gone astray.

One staff member searches the immediate vicinity, but does not search beyond that.

Our senior staff member on the outing contacts the police and reports that child as missing.

The nursery manager is contacted immediately (if not on the outing) and the incident is recorded.

The nursery manager contacts the parent(s).

Our staff take the remaining children back to the nursery as soon as possible.

According to the advice of the police, a senior member of staff, or the nursery manager where applicable, should remain at the site where the child went missing and wait for the police to arrive.

A recent photo and a description of what the child is wearing is given to the police.

The nursery manager contacts the directors and reports the incident. The directors, where possible, come to the nursery immediately to carry out an investigation with the management team.

All nursery staff keep calm and do not let the other children become anxious or worried.

The investigation

Ofsted are informed as soon as possible and kept up-to-date with the investigation.

The directors or the Nursery Manager in their absence, carry out a full investigation, taking written statements from all our staff and volunteers who were present.

The nursery manager, together with the Directors where possible, speaks with the parent(s) and explains the process of the investigation.

The parent(s) may also raise a complaint with us or Ofsted.

Each member of staff present writes an incident report detailing:

The date and time of the incident.

Where the child went missing from e.g. the setting or an outing venue.

Which staff/children were in the premises/on the outing and the name of the staff member who was designated as responsible for the missing child.

When the child was last seen in the premises/or on the outing, including the time it is estimated that the child went missing.

What has taken place in the premises or on the outing since the child went missing.

The report is counter-signed by the senior member of staff and the date and time added.

A conclusion is drawn as to how the breach of security happened.

If the incident warrants a police investigation, all our staff co-operate fully. In this case, the police will handle all aspects of the investigation, including interviewing staff and parents.

Children's social care may be involved if it seems likely that there is a child protection issue to address.

In the event of disciplinary action needing to be taken, Ofsted are advised.

The insurance provider is informed.

Managing people

Missing child incidents are very worrying for all concerned. Part of managing the incident is to try to keep everyone as calm as possible.

Our staff will feel worried about the child, especially the key person or the designated carer responsible for the safety of that child for the outing. They may blame themselves and their feelings of anxiety and distress will rise as the length of time the child is missing increases.

They may be the understandable target of parental anger and they may be afraid. The nursery manager ensures that any staff under investigation are not only fairly treated, but receive support while feeling vulnerable.

The parents will feel angry and fraught. They may want to blame our staff and may single out one staff member over others; they may direct their anger at the nursery manager.

When dealing with a distraught and angry parent, there should always be two members of staff one of whom is the nursery manager and the other should be a Director where possible. No matter how understandable the parent's anger may be, aggression or threats against our staff are not tolerated, and the police should be called.

The other children are also sensitive to what is going on around them. They too may be worried. Our remaining staff caring for them need to be focused on their needs and must not discuss the incident in front of them. They should answer children's questions honestly, but also reassure them.

In accordance with the severity of the final outcome, our staff may need counselling and support. If a child is not found, or is injured, or worse, this will be a very difficult time. The Directors will use their discretion to decide what action to take.

Our staff must not discuss any missing child incident with the press without taking advice.

1.6 Use of mobile phones and cameras

Policy statement

We take steps to ensure that there are effective procedures in place to protect children, young people, and vulnerable adults from the unacceptable use of mobile phones and cameras in the setting.

Procedures

Personal mobile phones

- Personal mobile phones, smart watches or any device that is capable of taking or sharing images belonging to our staff and volunteers are not used on the premises during working hours.
- At the beginning of each individual's shift, personal mobile phones, smart watches and any device that is capable of taking or sharing images are stored in the nursery office in a locked cabinet.
- In the event of an emergency, personal mobile phones may be used in privacy, where there are no children present, with permission from the nursery manager.
- Our staff and volunteers ensure that the work telephone number is known to immediate family and other people who need to contact them in an emergency.
- If our members of staff or volunteers take their own mobile phones on outings, for use in the case of an emergency, they must not make or receive personal calls as this will distract them.
- Our staff and volunteers will not use their personal mobile phones for taking photographs of children on outings.
- Parents and visitors are requested not to use their mobile phones whilst on the premises. We make an exception if a visitor's company or organisation operates a lone working policy that requires contact with their office periodically throughout the day. Visitors will be advised of a quiet space where they can use their mobile phone, where there are no children present.

Nursery mobile phones

- These are used for communicating with parents and taking photos and videos of children. These phones are locked overnight in a secure cupboard, apart from that of the Nursery Manager which is taken home, at her own responsibility with all due care to be taken to ensure confidentiality.

Cameras and videos

- Our staff and volunteers must not bring their own cameras or video recorders into the setting.
- Photographs and recordings of children are only taken for valid reasons, i.e. to record their learning and development, or for displays within the setting whilst children are present.
- Photographs or recordings of children are only taken on equipment belonging to the setting.
- Camera and video use is monitored by the nursery manager.
- All parents will usually have permission to photograph or record their own children at special events such as a birthday party or an entire nursery event.
- Photographs and recordings of children are only taken of children if parents provide written permission to do so (found on the individual child's Nursery Agreement).

IPads

- These are used by staff for music and short video clips to enhance the children's learning and for recording information for our online observation software, Tapestry and are locked overnight in a secure cupboard.

Nursery Computer (ICT)

- This is based in the pre-school group, on the ground floor and its use is regulated by the teachers, working 1:2 ratio with children, maximum daily exposure 10 minutes per child.

1.6 Use of mobile phones and cameras

Policy statement

We take steps to ensure that there are effective procedures in place to protect children, young people, and vulnerable adults from the unacceptable use of mobile phones and cameras in the setting.

Procedures

Personal mobile phones, cameras and video recorders

- Personal mobile phones or any device that is capable of taking or sharing images belonging to our staff and volunteers are not used on the nursery premises during working hours. That includes not bringing their own cameras or video recorders into the setting. We only allow our kitchen chef to have their mobile phone with them in the kitchen as we regard the nursery kitchen a child free area, in any event they are not allowed to take their phone into any of the other nursery areas.
- At the beginning of each individual's shift, personal mobile phones and any device that is capable of taking or sharing images are stored in the nursery office or in another CCTV monitored location and placed in a locked cabinet.
- In the event of an emergency, personal mobile phones may be used in privacy, where there are no children present, with permission from the nursery manager.
- Our staff and volunteers ensure that the work telephone number is known to immediate family and other people who need to contact them in an emergency.
- If our members of staff or volunteers take their own mobile phones on outings, for use in the case of an emergency, they must not make or receive personal calls as this will distract them.
- Our staff and volunteers will not use their personal mobile phones or any device that is capable of taking or sharing images for taking photographs of children on outings.
- Parents and visitors are requested not to use their mobile phones, cameras, any device capable of taking or sharing images
-
- and any video recorder whilst on the premises. We make an exception if a visitor's company or organisation operates a lone working policy that requires contact with their office periodically throughout the day. Visitors will be advised of a quiet space where they can use their mobile phone, where there are no children present.

Nursery Phones, iPads and Laptops:

- Photographs and recordings of children are only taken by the nursery's own devices (iPhones, iPads and Laptops) for valid reasons, i.e. to record their learning and development, or for displays within the setting whilst children are present.
- Staff are not allowed to take nursery phones, iPads or Laptops into the toilets areas.
- Phone, imaging devices, camera and video use is monitored by the nursery manager, safeguarding officer and safeguarding coordinator.
- All parents will usually have permission to photograph or record their own children at special events such as a birthday party or an entire nursery event.
- Photographs and recordings of children are only taken of children if parents provide written permission to do so (found on the individual child's Nursery Agreement).

1.7 Prevent Duty

Policy Statement

Keren's nursery actively promotes children's welfare and safeguards children against radicalisation and extremism by promoting British values in meaningful and age appropriate delivery of the EYFS.

Procedures

Keren's Nursery ensures that British Values are embedded in the nursery's practices. These British values are defined as:

Democracy

Rule of law

Individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

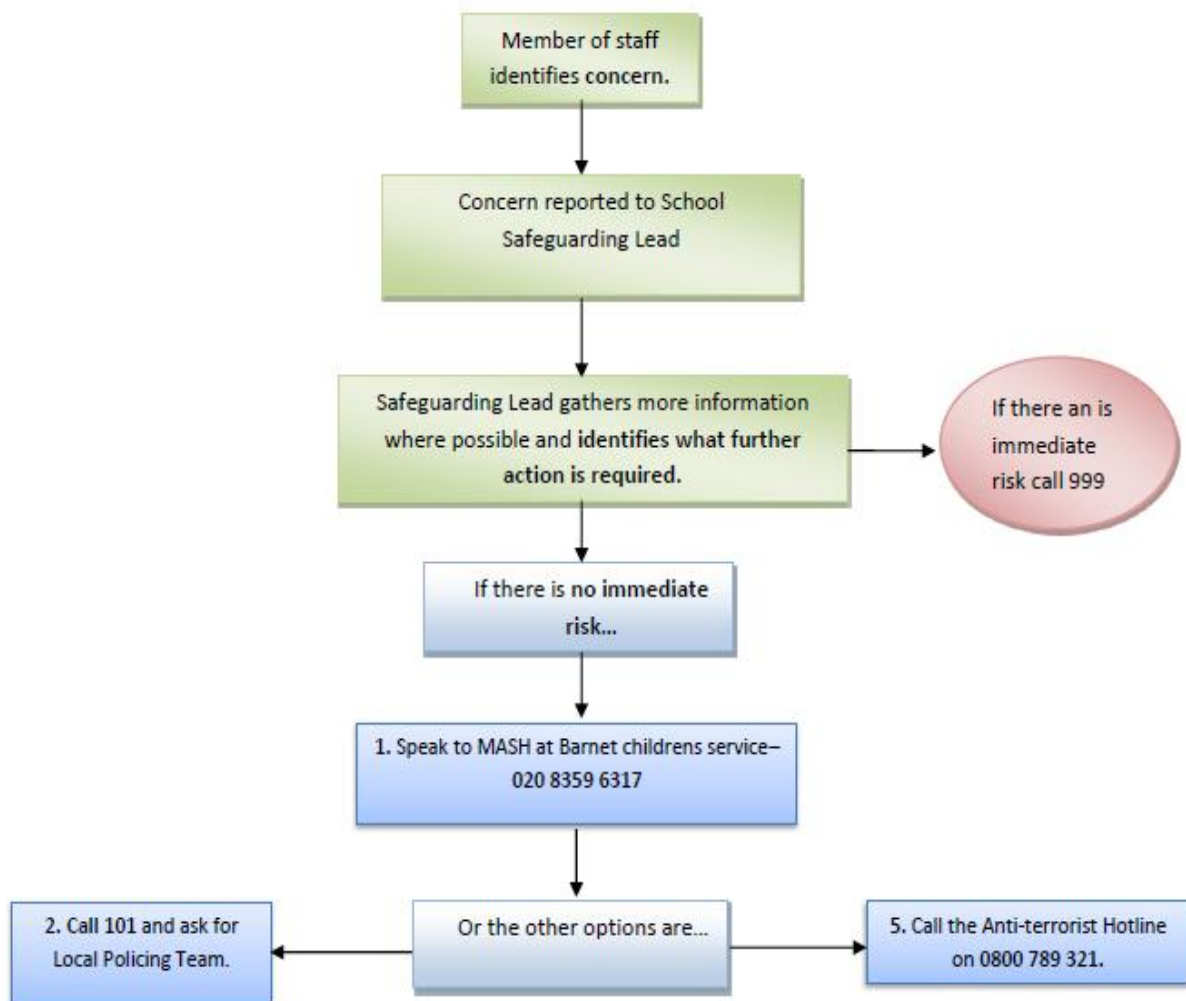
These values are fundamental to helping all children become passionate, considerate adults who form part of a fair and equal society.

Keren's Nursery is committed to ensuring that all children, staff, volunteers and parents are alert to harmful behaviours by influential adults in the child's life. This may include discriminatory and/or extremist discussions between parents and/or staff members.

Keren's focus for all children is their personal, social and emotional development, ensuring children learn right from wrong, mix and share with their children, value other's views, know about similarities and differences between themselves and others and challenge

Process map for reporting a concern of a vulnerable individual

It is important for you as a member of staff to know where to go if you have a concern that someone may be on the route to radicalisation. Below is a flow chart which aims to show the process as to which you can follow:



negative attitudes and stereotypes.

Policy Statement

Keren's nursery actively promotes children's welfare and safeguards children against radicalisation and extremism by promoting British values in meaningful and age appropriate delivery of the EYFS.

Procedures

Keren's Nursery ensures that British Values are embedded in the nursery's practices.

These British values are defined as:

Democracy

Rule of law

Individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

These values are fundamental to helping all children become passionate, considerate adults who form part of a fair and equal society.

Keren's Nursery is committed to ensuring that all children, staff, volunteers and parents are alert to harmful behaviours by influential adults in the child's life. This may include discriminatory and/or extremist discussions between parents and/or staff members.

Keren's focus for all children is their personal, social and emotional development, ensuring children learn right from wrong, mix and share with their children, value other's views, know about similarities and differences between themselves and others and challenge negative attitudes and stereotypes.

Consultation and Advice about a child/young person resident in The Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea:

Kensington and Chelsea Duty Line – Tel: 020 7361 3013 (Out of hours – 020 7361 3013)

Alexandra Handford

Safeguarding Manager (Acting)

Telephone: 0207 598 4638

Mobile: 07973 564580

Email: Alexandra.Handford@rbkc.gov

*Specialism: Child Sexual Exploitation

Sarah Stalker

Family Support and Child Protection Adviser

Telephone: 020 7598 4640

Mobile: 07971 322 482

Email: Sarah.Stalker@rbkc.gov.uk

*Specialism: FGM Mon/Tues/Wed only

Stacey Duncan

Family Support and Child Protection Adviser

Telephone: 020 7854 5979

Mobile: 07896 271 561

Email: Stacey.Duncan@rbkc.gov.uk Thurs/Fri only

Tri-Borough Safeguarding and Child Protection Training, Consultation and Advice for Schools and Education:

Hilary Shaw

Tri-Borough Safeguarding and Child Protection Schools and Education Officer

Telephone: 020 7598 4876

Mobile: 07817 365 519

Email: Hilary.Shaw@rbkc.gov.uk

Marissa Asli

Tri-Borough Safeguarding and Education – Liaison and Training Co-ordinator

Telephone: 020 7598 4886

Mobile: 07739 315 432

Email: Marissa.Aslibangura@rbkc.gov.uk

Tri-Borough Private Fostering

Rochell-Ann Naidoo

Tri-Borough Senior Practitioner, Private Fostering Advisor

Telephone: 0207 641 7564

Email: rnaidoo@wstminster.gov.uk

Tri-Borough FGM

Shruti Clayton

Child Protection Adviser

Telephone: 020 7641 1610

Email: shruti.clayton@rbkc.gov.uk

*Specialism: Tri-Borough Lead for Safeguarding Across Faith and Culture and FGM

Tri-Borough PREVENT

Simon McTurk

Bi-borough Prevent Officer – Counter Extremism

Telephone: 020 8753 6918

Email: Simon.McTurk@lbhf.gov.uk

Mark Chalmers

Prevent Programme Manager, Westminster enquiries only

Telephone: 020 7641 603

Email: mchalmers@westminster.gov.uk

Tri-Borough Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH)

Cherie Gathoni

Tri-Borough MASH Business Support Officer

Telephone: 020 7641 3991

Email: cgathoni@westminster.gov.uk (or talk to the designated MASH lead for your agency)

Esohoe Erhahon

Education Lead, Tri-Borough MASH

Telephone: 020 7641 5026

Email: eerhahon@westminster.gov.uk

Contact details for the Tri-Borough Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) for referral and management of allegations against staff:

Jane Foster

Safe Organisation Manager and Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)

Telephone: 020 7641 6108

Email: jfoster1@westminster.gov.uk

In an emergency call the police on 999.

1.8 Social Media

Policy statement

We take steps to ensure that there are effective procedures in place to protect children, parents and staff from their images being posted without authorisation on social media platforms.

Procedures

Consent is sought from parents in our nursery contract to use images, videos of their child on our various social media platforms.

A list of the parents who have consented for the nursery to use images, videos of their children is kept in the nursery office and only images and videos of those children on the list are allowed to be shared on our various social media platforms.

Only the Deputy Manager or Manager are authorised to forward images and videos to the social media platforms.

Staff must not use social media to attack, insult, abuse, defame or make negative or discriminatory comments about anyone.

Staff must be mindful that everything posted online is public, even with the strictest privacy settings and should therefore assume that everything is permanent and may be shared.

1.9 Whistleblowing Policy and Procedure

Introduction and overview:

Employees are often the first to realise that there may be something seriously wrong within their setting. However, they may not express their growing concerns because they feel that speaking up would be disloyal to their colleagues. They may also fear harassment or victimisation. In these circumstances, it may be easier to ignore the concern rather than report what may be just suspicion of malpractice and wrongdoing at work.

Developing a culture that is conducive to safeguarding:

Our setting is committed to the highest possible standards of openness, probity and accountability by encouraging a culture whereby concerns can be shared without worry or hesitation. In line with this commitment we encourage all employees or others with genuine concerns about any person linked to the nursery and /or others (e.g. Parents/Carers) to come forward and voice their concerns. This policy makes it clear that we wish to encourage and enable employees and others to raise such concerns with us rather than overlooking the problem.

AIMS AND SCOPE OF THIS POLICY

This policy aims to:

Provide avenues for you to raise genuine concerns and receive feedback on any action taken.

Allows you to take the matter further if you are dissatisfied with the outcome or response.

Reassure that steps will be taken to protect you from reprisals or victimisation or whistleblowing in good faith.

We have policies and procedures in place to enable you to lodge a grievance relating to staffs' own employment, Parent/Carer concerns or complaints, and issues raised by outside agencies. The whistleblowing policy is intended to cover genuine concerns that fall outside the scope of other procedures and policies that we uphold. That concern may be about something that:

Is against the policies and procedures of our setting.

Falls below established standards of practice.

Amounts to improper conduct.

Is a Health and Safety risk, in risks to the public as well as children, other colleagues, Parents/Carers and others.

Contributes to a safeguarding risk involving children in our care.

The procedure will be communicated to all employees as well as parents/carers, students and others.

HARASSMENT OR VICTIMISATION

We recognise that the decision to report a concern can be a difficult one to make not least because of fear of reprisal. For this reason, we will not tolerate harassment or victimisation and will take action to protect you when you raise a concern in good faith. However, if you feel you have suffered harassment either directly or indirectly as a result of raising a concern, you should refer to the Complaints policy. This does not mean that if you are already the subject of disciplinary or redundancy procedures that those procedures will be halted as a result of your whistleblowing. This also applies to Parent/Carers of the setting who then decide to seek alternative childcare.

CONFIDENTIALITY

We will do our best to protect your identity when you raise a concern. However, it must be appreciated that, in the interests of natural justice, any investigation process may reveal

the source of the information and a statement by you may be required as part of the process of collecting evidence.

ANONYMOUS ALLEGATIONS

You are strongly encouraged to put your name to allegations. Concerns expressed anonymously are much less powerful. Anonymous allegations will be considered and any action taken at our discretion and in conjunction with the relevant agencies where appropriate. In exercising this discretion, the following factors will be taken into account considering how to deal with any allegations:

The seriousness of the issues raised;

The credibility of the allegation;

The likelihood of confirming the allegation from attributable sources.

MALICIOUS ALLEGATIONS

If you make an allegation in good faith, but it is not confirmed by the investigation, no action will be taken against you. If however you make a malicious or vexatious allegation, disciplinary action may be taken against you in accordance with our procedures.

HOW TO RAISE A CONCERN

As a first step you should normally raise your concern with the Nursery Manager or Deputy. This depends, however, on the seriousness and sensitivity of the issues involved and who you may think may be involved in the malpractice. I.e. if you believe your manager is involved you should approach either of the Managing Directors: Keren Ben Ezra 07838 226511 or Assaf Ben Ezra 078650 79055.

With specific regard to safeguarding issues that may involve a member of staff, you should initially consult with the Manager. If you suspect that they may be related to the issue you should contact the either of the Managing Directors (above). If involvement of one of the Managing Directors is suspected, then you should contact the relevant

childcare officer attached to the setting. You can also contact the Local Authority Designated Officer: 020 8359 5333.

Concerns are better raised in writing. You are advised to set out background and history of your concerns, giving names, dates and places, where possible, and the reason why you are particularly concerned about the situation. The earlier you express your concerns the easier it is for us, Local Children's Social Services or the relevant childcare officer attached to the setting to take action. Although you are not expected to prove the truth of an allegation you need to demonstrate to the person contacted that there are sufficient grounds for initial enquiries to be made.

HOW WE WILL RESPOND

The action taken by us will depend on the nature of the concern. The matters raised may:

Be investigated internally.

Be referred to the Police.

Be referred to the Local Safeguarding Children Board and Local Authority Designated Officer LADO.

Be referred to the Childcare Officer or Local Children's Social Services.

Where necessary lead to appropriate employment law advice being sought when actions may result in suspension.

Allegations referred directly to the Childcare Officer or Local Children's Social Services will be dealt with in accordance with their policies and procedures. Any person, who is subject of an allegation, should at the appropriate time be given details of the allegation in order to respond. In order to protect individuals, initial enquiries will be made to whether an investigation is appropriate and, if so, what form it should take. Concerns or allegations that fall within the scope of specific procedures (i.e. Safeguarding or discrimination issues) will normally be referred for consideration under those procedures. Some concerns may be solved by agreed actions without the need for an investigation. The following process will be followed in the event of a complaint:

We will ensure that a letter is sent to confirm the receipt of the complaint.

The complaint will be fully investigated within 5 days of when the complaint was first received.

We endeavour to investigate all complaints in a non-discriminatory manner.

A letter will be sent detailing how we have dealt with the complaint.

HOW THE MATTER CAN BE TAKEN FURTHER

If the complaint has not been dealt with in the manner which is satisfactory to the employee, parent/carer or others involved, they can then contact Ofsted directly at the following address:

Early Years OFSTED, The National Business Unit,
Ofsted Piccadilly Gate, Store Street Manchester, M1 2WD
TEL: 0300 123 1231 Web: www.ofsted.gov.uk

By registering a formal complaint with Ofsted an officer, in most cases, will be sent to the Nursery to carry out a further investigation. If applicable a report would then be sent with action points.

All staff are subject to the setting's robust processes for regular supervision, which is designed to further promote a culture of whistleblowing.

Suitable People

2.1 Employment

Policy statement

We meet the Safeguarding and Welfare Requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage, ensuring that our staff and volunteers are appropriately qualified, and we carry out checks for criminal and other records through the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) in accordance with statutory requirements.

Procedures

Vetting and staff selection

We work towards offering equality of opportunity by using non-discriminatory procedures for staff recruitment and selection.

All our staff have job descriptions, which set out their roles and responsibilities.

We welcome applications from all sections of the community. Applicants will be considered on the basis of their suitability for the post, regardless of disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sexual orientation, sex, age, marriage or civil partnership. Applicants will not be placed at a disadvantage by our imposing conditions or requirements that are not justifiable.

We follow the requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage and Ofsted guidance on checking the suitability of all staff and volunteers who will have unsupervised access to children. This includes obtaining references and ensuring they have a satisfactory enhanced criminal records check with barred list(s) check through the DBS. This is in accordance with requirements under the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act (2006) and the Protection of Freedoms Act (2012) for the vetting and barring scheme.

Where an individual is subscribed to the DBS Update Service we carry out a status check of their DBS certificate, after checking their identity and viewing their original enhanced DBS certificate to ensure that it does not reveal any information that would affect their suitability for the post.

We keep all records relating to the employment of our staff and volunteers; in particular those demonstrating that suitability checks have been done, including the date of issue, name, type of DBS check and unique reference number from the DBS certificate, along with details of our suitability decision.

We require that all our staff and volunteers keep their DBS check up-to-date by subscribing to the DBS Update Service throughout the duration of their employment with us.

Our staff are expected to disclose any convictions, cautions, court orders, reprimands and warnings which may affect their suitability to work with children – whether received before, or at any time during, their employment with us.

We obtain consent from our staff and volunteers to carry out on-going status checks of the Update Service to establish that their DBS certificate is up-to-date for the duration of their employment with us.

Where we become aware of any relevant information which may lead to the disqualification of an employee, we will take appropriate action to ensure the safety of children. In the event of disqualification, that person's employment with us will be terminated.

Notifying Ofsted of changes

We inform Ofsted of any changes to our Nursery Manager and/or Directors.

Training and staff development

The nursery manager has a QTS

The deputy manager has a QTS.

At least half of our other staff members hold a level 3 qualification for the Children and Young People's Workforce.

We provide regular in-house and external training to all our staff - whether paid staff or volunteers – including through London Borough Barnet, Camden and Kensington and Chelsea, the Pre-school Learning Alliance, online training modules through the Pre-School Learning Alliance and National Day Nursery Association and external agencies. Our budget allocates resources to training.

We provide our staff with induction training in the first weeks of their employment. This induction includes our Health and Safety Policy and Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy. Other policies and procedures are introduced within an induction plan. We support the work of our staff by holding regular supervision meetings and appraisals. We are committed to recruiting, appointing and employing staff in accordance with all relevant legislation and best practice and we have contracted Mentor who provides us with comprehensive employment law and health and safety compliance services.

Staff taking medication/other substances

If a member of staff is taking medication which may affect their ability to care for children, we ensure that they seek further medical advice. Our staff will only work directly with the children if medical advice confirms that the medication is unlikely to impair their ability to look after children properly.

Staff medication on the premises will be stored securely and kept out of reach of the children at all times.

If we have reason to believe that a member of our staff is under the influence of alcohol or any other substance that may affect their ability to care for children, they will not be allowed to work directly with the children and further action will be taken.

Managing staff absences and contingency plans for emergencies

Our staff take their holiday breaks when the setting is closed. Where a staff member may need to take time off for any reason other than sick leave or training, this is agreed with the nursery manager with sufficient notice.

Where our staff are unwell and take sick leave in accordance with their contract of employment, we organise cover to ensure ratios are maintained.

Sick leave is monitored and action is taken where necessary, in accordance with the individual's contract of employment.

We have contingency plans to cover staff absences, as follows:

Both the nursery manager and the nursery deputy are supernumerary and thus can cover staff absences. If more staff are missing or if the absence is prolonged we use the services of childcare employment agency; Staffbank, to provide us with temporary cover - 020 8343 4433.

2.2 Student placements

Policy statement

We recognise that qualifications and training make an important contribution to the quality of the care and education we provide. As part of our commitment to quality, we offer placements to students undertaking early-years qualifications and training, also those studying speech and language therapy in early years. We also offer placements for school pupils on work experience.

We aim to provide for students on placement with us, experiences that contribute to the successful completion of their studies and that provide examples of quality practice in early years care and education.

Procedures

We require students on qualification courses to meet the Suitable Person requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage and have a satisfactory enhanced DBS check with barred list check(s).

We require students in our setting to have a sufficient understanding and use of English to contribute to the well-being of children in our care.

We require schools, colleges or universities placing students under the age of 17 years with us to vouch for their good character.

We supervise students under the age of 17 years at all times and do not allow them to have unsupervised access to children.

Students under the age of 17 undertaking qualification courses who are placed in our nursery on a short term basis are not counted in our staffing ratios.

Trainee staff and students over the age of 17 may be included in the ratios if they are deemed competent and responsible.

We take out employers' liability insurance and public liability insurance, which covers both students and voluntary helpers.

We require students to keep to our Confidentiality and Client Access to Records Policy.

We co-operate with students' tutors in order to help students to fulfil the requirements of their course of study.

We provide students, at the first session of their placement, with a short induction on how our setting is managed, how our sessions are organised and our policies and procedures.

We communicate a positive message to students about the value of qualifications and training.

We make the needs of the children paramount by not admitting students in numbers that hinder the essential work of the setting.

We ensure that trainees and students placed with us are engaged in bona fide early years training, which provides the necessary background understanding of children's development and activities.

2.3 Employment and staffing

(Including vetting, contingency plans, training and development)

Policy Statement

We provide a staffing ratio in line with the Welfare requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage to ensure that children have sufficient individual attention and to guarantee care and education of a high quality. Our staff is appropriately qualified and we carry out checks for criminal and other records through the Criminal Records Bureau in accordance with statutory requirements. Unqualified staff are supported to obtain the necessary qualifications.

Procedures

Ratios

To meet this aim we use the following ratios of adult to children:

children under two years of age: 1 adult : 3 children;

children aged two years of age: 1 adult : 4 children; and

children aged three to seven years of age: 1 adult : 8 children.

A minimum of two staff/adults are on duty at any one time.

We use a key person approach to ensure that each child has a named member of staff with whom to form a relationship and who plans with parents for the child's well-being and development in the setting. The key person meets regularly with the family for discussion and consultation on their child's progress.

We hold regular staff meetings to undertake curriculum planning and to discuss children's progress, their achievements and any difficulties that may arise from time to time.

Vetting and staff selection

We work towards offering equality of opportunity by using non-discriminatory procedures for staff recruitment and selection.

All staff have job descriptions which set out their staff roles and responsibilities.

We welcome applications from all sections of the community. Applicants will be considered on the basis of their suitability for the post, regardless of marital status, age, gender, culture, religious belief, ethnic origin or sexual orientation. Applicants will not be placed at a disadvantage by our imposing conditions or requirements that are not justifiable.

We use OFSTED guidance on obtaining references and enhanced criminal record checks through the Disclosure and Barring Service for staff and volunteers who will have unsupervised access to children. This is in accordance with requirements under the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006 for the vetting and barring scheme.

We keep all records relating to employment of staff and volunteers, in particular those demonstrating that checks have been done, including the date and number of the enhanced DBS (CRB) check and qualification certificates.

Staff are employed subject to all clearance checks e.g. references.

Changes to staff

We inform OFSTED of any changes in the person responsible for our setting.

Training and staff development

Our setting leader and management team hold QTS. At least half of our other staff members hold a level 2 or 3 qualification for the Children and Young People's Workforce. We provide regular in-service training to all staff - whether paid staff or volunteers - through the Pre-school Learning Alliance and external agencies.

Our setting budget allocates resources to training.

We provide staff induction training in the first week of employment. This induction includes our Health and Safety Policy and Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy. Other policies and procedures will be introduced within an induction plan.

All new staff are inducted using the mentor pack, policies and contract of employment.

We support the work of our staff by holding regular supervision meetings and appraisals.

We are committed to recruiting, appointing and employing staff in accordance with all relevant legislation and best practice.

Managing staff absences and contingency plans for emergencies

As our nursery is a term time only setting, our staff members take their holiday breaks when the setting is closed. Where staff may need to take time off for any reason other than sick leave or training, this is agreed with the manager with sufficient notice.

All staff at induction are given contact details of the manager and procedures to follow in cases of sickness/absence. Staff requiring special leave are required to fill in the attached form and wait for a response. This will be given within 10 working days. Management reserve the right to reserve payment.

Where staff are unwell and take sick leave in accordance with their contract of employment, we organise cover to ensure ratios are maintained either in-house or through an agency.

Sick leave is monitored and action is taken where necessary in accordance with the contract of employment.

We have contingency plans to cover staff absences: Additional staff work with the children permanently and there is non-ratio staff in the management team.

2.4 DISCIPLINARY POLICY AND PROCEDURE

SCOPE

All employees have a responsibility to ensure high standards of performance, conduct and behaviour during their employment with Keren's Nursery. The disciplinary policy and procedure is designed to ensure that any shortcomings or breaches are handled in a fair and equitable way, to improve performance, and to reduce the need for dismissals.

The disciplinary rules but not the full procedure will apply to probationary employees.

Principles

All issues of misconduct will be dealt with without unreasonable delay at all stages of the procedure.

A full investigation will be carried out to establish the details of the alleged misconduct.

The employee will be given an opportunity to make representations before any decisions/actions are taken.

Notes will be taken of all meetings.

The employee will be allowed to be accompanied to any formal meeting by a trade union representative or a work colleague. The companion can present and/or sum up the case, but cannot answer questions on behalf of the employee.

Any disciplinary decision will be notified in writing to the employee giving details of the misconduct and the reason for the decision.

There will be a right of appeal against any formal decision and the Appeal Chair in each case will be selected on their impartiality.

All proceedings and documentation will be kept confidential.

Examples of misconduct may include:

Malicious or harmful gossip about children, their families, other staff.

Unauthorised absence.

Persistent poor attendance or time keeping.

Failure to comply with the Nursery's rules, policies or procedures.

Refusal to carry out a line manager's instructions.

Inappropriate behavioursuch as shouting at a child or other staff member.

Harassment of any kind.

Theft or damage to Nursery property.

Being under the influence of non-prescription drugs or alcohol.

Unprofessional behaviour of any kind.

This list is not substantive.

PROCEDURE

Stage 1

If misconduct is suspected, the employee will receive a letter which will give details of the alleged misconduct and invites them to a meeting where they will have the opportunity to respond to the allegation(s). If necessary, the meeting will be adjourned and rescheduled so that an investigation can be carried out. After the meeting the employer will decide whether or not any action is justified, and may decide to give the employee a verbal warning. The employee will be fully informed in writing and told what changes in behaviour will be expected of them in future. Should no further similar breach occur, the warning will be disregarded after six months' satisfactory service.

Stage 2

If a further similar breach occurs, the employee will be invited to a meeting and given the opportunity to respond to the allegations. An investigation will take place if necessary. After the meeting the employer will decide whether or not any action is justified, and may decide to give the employee a first written warning. The employee will be fully informed in writing. Should no further similar breach occur, the warning will be disregarded after twelve months' satisfactory service.

Stage 3

If a further similar breach occurs, the employee will be invited to a meeting to enable them to respond to the allegations. An investigation will take place if necessary. After the meeting the employer will decide whether or not any action is justified, and may decide to give the employee a final written warning. The employee will be fully informed in writing. Should no further similar breach occur, the warning will be disregarded after eighteen months' satisfactory service.

Stage 4

If a further similar breach occurs, the employee will be invited to a meeting and dismissed. The employee will be informed of the reasons for their dismissal, the date on which their employment will end, their notice period and their right of appeal.

At any stage of the above procedure the employer may decide it is appropriate to omit a stage in the procedure and move directly to a first or final written warning if the employee's misconduct is sufficiently serious, or to dismiss them for gross misconduct.

Examples of gross misconduct:

Theft.

A charge of a criminal offence (excluding minor offences under the Road Traffic Acts).

Significant damage to property.

Serious breaches of any of the Nursery's rules, policies or procedures.

Driving under the influence of alcohol or non-prescription drugs.

Physical assault– this includes any type of physical punishment to a child such as rough handling or humiliation.

Serious breaches of confidentiality or health and safety.

Gross negligence.

Gross incompetence or incapability.

Gross insubordination.

Fraud for personal gain.

Any action inside or outside the workplace which seriously prejudices the Nursery's image and standing with the public, clients, customers, statutory and regulatory bodies and any other third party, such that it might bring the Nursery into disrepute.

Unprofessional conduct having a serious impact on the employer.

Stage 1

As soon as an employee is suspected of gross misconduct, they will be invited to attend a meeting and will be provided with details of the alleged gross misconduct in writing. The employee will be suspended on full pay immediately while a full investigation is carried out. This will also give the employee time to prepare their own response to the allegation(s).

The investigation will be carried out as soon as reasonably possible. After the investigation, the employer will write to the employee setting out the outcome of the investigation, the nature of the allegation(s), and the possible consequences and enclosing any relevant evidence. In the letter the employer will inform the employee of the date for a meeting to discuss the alleged gross misconduct and to hear the employee's representations before any decision is reached. The employee will be given at least 5 working days' notice to prepare their case.

If the decision is taken to dismiss, the employee should be invited to a further meeting and dismissed for gross misconduct without notice or pay in lieu of notice. The employer will write to the employee confirming the dismissal, setting out the leaving arrangements, and will provide a full reason for the decision.

The decision may be reached on the same day in which case the employee can be called back into the meeting. If, however, the decision cannot be reached without further investigation, the employee will be advised accordingly.

The appeal

The employee has the right of appeal against any formal action against them. This must be done in writing setting out the grounds of their appeal within 10 working days of receiving the warning letter. The appeal will be heard as soon as possible thereafter, and the time, date and name of the Appeal Chair notified to the employee in advance.

Where the employee's chosen companion is unable to attend on the date initially set for the appeal they may request a postponement provided this is for no longer than 5 working days.

The outcome of the appeal will be notified to the employee in writing within 10 working days of the appeal meeting taking place. The decision of the Appeal Chair will be final.

2.5 GRIEVANCE POLICY & PROCEDURE

OBJECTIVE

The objective of the grievance policy and procedure is to provide a means of dealing promptly with any grievance which an employee or employees may have in connection with their employment in a fair and consistent manner.

Grievances are often the result of a breakdown in communications and are often resolved by the relevant parties taking time out to discuss the concerns they have and to try to resolve them informally before invoking the grievance procedure. It may be helpful to ask a colleague to assist with this process (or to take notes).

PRINCIPLES

All grievances will be dealt with promptly at all stages of the procedure.

A full investigation will be carried out to establish the facts and to try to resolve the grievance.

The person bringing the grievance will be kept informed of progress at all stages of the procedure and given an opportunity to respond before any decisions/actions are taken.

Notes will be taken of all meetings.

All employees (whether bringing a grievance or having a complaint made against them) will be allowed to be accompanied to any formal meeting by a trade union representative or a work colleague. The companion can present and/or sum up the case, but cannot answer questions on behalf of the employee.

There will be a right of appeal against any formal decision and the Appeal Chair will be selected on their impartiality.

External mediation or conciliation through ACAS may be considered if deemed appropriate.

HOW TO RAISE A FORMAL GRIEVANCE

Stage One

The employee or employees need to set out in writing the details of the grievance and to raise this with the Nursery Manager or, if the grievance is with the Nursery Manager with the Nursery Owner.

A meeting will be arranged at once with the person bringing the grievance to allow them to explain their grievance so that there are no misunderstandings, and how they think it should be resolved.

An investigation into the issues will then take place and the results of the investigation communicated to the employee as soon as possible in writing setting out the action that it is intended will take place to resolve the matter. The employee will be given an opportunity to discuss the results of the investigation with the investigator before any formal action or decision is taken. If the grievance remains unresolved at this stage, the Nursery Manager or Owner concerned should proceed to Stage Two of the procedure.

Stage Two

The Nursery Manager should notify the Nursery Owner who has not been involved at Stage One that the grievance remains unresolved. The Owner will then meet with the employee bringing the grievance and carry out their own investigation, discussing their findings with the employee before any formal action or decision is taken. Their decision will then be communicated to the employee in writing and will set out the action the employer intends to take.

Stage Three

If the employee still feels that their grievance has not been resolved to their satisfaction they may appeal against the decision. This must be done in writing setting out the grounds of their appeal within 5 working days of receiving the decision letter. The appeal will be heard as soon as possible thereafter, and the time, date and name of the Appeal Chair notified to the employee in advance.

Where the employee's chosen companion is unable to attend on the date initially set for the appeal they may request a postponement provided this is for no longer than 5 working days.

The outcome of the appeal will be notified to the employee in writing within 5 working days of the appeal meeting taking place. The decision of the Appeal Chair will be final.

2.6 Keren's Nursery Golden Rules for staff members, students and parent helpers

Welcome to Keren's Nursery! Please be aware that until we have received a current, clear DBS check for you, all contact with the children must be supervised, unless you are here as a parent helper and are with your own child.

It is important to comfort children and cuddle them, however it is not appropriate to disturb a child's play so you can kiss or cuddle them because you want to.

Keep professional boundaries with children and families. We see ourselves as 'friendly', but not a 'friend'.

We are open, honest, transparent and non- judgemental in our work.

Do not shout across the classroom to either children or adults as this is very distracting, please go and talk directly to the person, bending down to the children's height to talk with them.

Please remember the age of the children we are working with. You may need to adjust what you say to make it meaningful.

Always put hot drinks well out of the children's reach, on the worktops. Please finish drinking hot drinks before your shift begins. Explain this rule to a visiting parent if you make them a cup of tea/coffee.

Please make sure your mobile phone is safely stored in the office. Please give out the nursery office number in case of emergencies: 020 3457 8020

If you are seated in the room please make sure that your view of the children is unobstructed, that you are sitting where you can see as many of the children as possible. Avoid small talk with fellow staff members during working hour, save your small talk for your lunch break.

Let the children complete their own work. No parents want to have work done by an adult on their fridge! You may need to show a child how to do something but do not do the activity for them. You can always call a child back at a later stage to finish off their activity if they are willing.

If you use equipment/resources for an activity, please make sure that you put it back in a clean and tidy state. If you are unsure where it is supposed to be stored, please ask. Ensure all areas are left tidy and clean after each session, including toilets and outside areas.

Try not to spend time talking at length to any parent; the children are our main concern. This does not mean to be unfriendly, but please encourage them to make an appointment by calling Emer/Keren if there are any concerns.

Please make sure that you feedback to Natalia / Jacky any conversation that you have with a parent, no matter how small.

Smoking is not permitted on the premises. Smokers must leave the premises in order to smoke.

We hope you enjoy your time with us.

Keren's Nursery

3.0 Staff Qualifications, Training, Support and Skills

3.1 Induction of employees and volunteers

Policy statement

We provide an induction for all employees and volunteers in order to fully brief them about the setting, the families we serve, our policies and procedures, curriculum and daily practice.

Procedures

We have a written induction plan for all new staff, which includes the following:

- Introductions to all employees and volunteers.
- Familiarisation with the building, health and safety, and fire and evacuation procedures.
- Ensuring our policies and procedures are read and adhered to.
- Introduction to the parents, especially parents of allocated key children where appropriate.
- Familiarisation with confidential information in relation to any key children where applicable.
- Details of the tasks and daily routines to be completed.

The induction period lasts at least two weeks. The nursery manager designates a senior member of staff who inducts new employees and volunteers. A room leader would be expected to induct a new room leader.

During the induction period, the individual must demonstrate understanding of and compliance with policies, procedures, tasks and routines.

Successful completion of the induction forms part of the probationary period.

Following induction, we continue to support our staff to deliver high quality performance through regular supervision and appraisal of their work.

3.2 First aid

Policy statement

We are able to take action to apply paediatric first aid treatment in the event of an accident involving a child or adult. Virtually all members of staff in the nursery possess a current first aid certificate. The first aid qualification includes first aid training for infants and young children. We provide first aid training which is specifically for adults caring for young children at the beginning of every academic year to all members of staff. All staff will be paediatric first aid trained within the first 3 months of them arriving in the setting.

Procedures

The first aid kit

Our first aid kit is accessible at all times and contains the following items:

Triangular bandages (ideally at least one should be sterile) x 4.

Sterile dressings:

Small x 3.

Medium x 3.

Large x 3.

Composite pack containing 20 assorted (individually-wrapped) plasters x 1.

Sterile eye pads (with bandage or attachment) e.g. No 16 dressing x 2.

Container of 6 safety pins x 1.

Guidance card as recommended by HSE x 1.

In addition, the following equipment is kept near to the first aid box:

2 pairs of disposable plastic (PVC or vinyl) gloves.

Children's thermometer.

A supply of ice is kept in the freezer.

Information about the location of the first aid box is provided to all our staff and volunteers.

The first aid box is easily accessible to adults and is kept out of the reach of children.

Roxana Negru is the person in the setting who is responsible for checking and replenishing the first aid boxes.

Medication is only administered in line with our Administering Medicines policy.

In the case of minor injury or accidents, first aid treatment is given by a qualified first aider.

In the event of minor injuries or accidents, we normally inform parents when they collect their child, unless the child is unduly upset or we have concerns about the injury. In this case we will contact the child's parents for clarification of what they would like to do, i.e. whether they wish to collect the child and/or take them to their own GP.

An ambulance is called for children requiring emergency treatment. We contact parents immediately and inform them of what has happened and where their child has been taken. Parents sign a consent form as part of the nursery agreement allowing a member of staff to take their child to the nearest Accident and Emergency unit to be examined, treated or admitted as necessary on the understanding that they have been informed and are on their way to the hospital.

Accidents and injuries are recorded in our accident record book and, where applicable, notified to the Health and Safety Executive, Ofsted and/or local child protection agencies in line with our Recording and Reporting of Accident and Incidents Policy.

3.3 Supervisory meetings

Keren's nursery has a policy which governs the supervision and appraisal procedures of staff and, following a successful probationary period, the manager or the employer holds supervisory meetings at regular intervals (6-8 months) with each employee.

The Early Years Foundation Stage (DfE 2012), states:

“3.19. Providers must put appropriate arrangements in place for the supervision of staff who have contact with children and families. Effective supervision provides support, coaching and training for the practitioner and promotes the interests of children. Supervision should foster a culture of mutual support, teamwork and continuous improvement which encourages the confidential discussion of sensitive issues.

*“3.20. Supervision provides opportunities for staff to:
discuss any issues – particularly concerning children;
development or well-being;
identify solutions to address issues as they arise; and
receive coaching to improve their personal effectiveness.”*

While the areas of discussion and issues that arise are likely to change over time, the meetings are an opportunity to discuss:

the development and well-being of each key child, agreeing a schedule of actions;
workload;
concerns or team issues;
relations with parents/carers;
setting performance;
training and development;
progress following previous supervision;
time management;

Supervision meetings take the form of a two way discussion to ensure that employees are clear about their role and expectations of them, and the support that is available to them.

The above areas provide a structure for the content of a supervision meeting. However, managers and employees feel comfortable in these meetings to discuss any queries or concerns that they have. It is therefore important to ensure that sufficient time is set aside for them, that they take place without distractions or restrictions as to the areas that can be covered.

These meetings do not replace the annual appraisal, but are in addition to it. A written record, signed by the manager and employee, of every supervisory meeting is kept to show what was discussed and what action needs to be taken.

Further guidance can be sought from Safeguarding through Effective Supervision (Pre-school Learning Alliance 2013) which provides an overview of the safeguarding and child protection systems, along with an exploration of the structure and content of the supervision process, which together will enable staff and managers to safeguard the children in their care.

3.4 Staff Training

Policy statement

We invest time and resources in ensuring that all staff have access to continuous professional development by providing access throughout the year to a variety of training opportunities. We have a system whereby knowledge is cascaded to all nursery employees after one member attends a training course. In this way, the whole nursery benefits. Staff are asked what training they would like to receive at their staff appraisals. Feedback from all training is sought from staff.

Procedures

Training is provided to all staff via three main routes:-

1. Via the training provided by the Royal Borough of Kensington and Chelsea – we apply for courses for staff according to their preferences. Staff are reimbursed for travel to and from the courses.

2. We are members of the Pre-School Learning Alliance and all staff may access their online training courses on the following subjects:-

Being Safe - Effective First Aid Management in your Setting

Characteristics of Effective Leaders

Child Neglect

Effective Safeguarding Practice

Equality and Inclusion in Early Years Settings

Improving children's learning through play

Latest EYFS guidance to support the 2014 framework

Managing your Ofsted Inspection from September 2015

Promoting Positive Behaviour

Reflective Practice in the Early Years

Safer Recruitment
Setting up your Childminding Service
Special Educational Needs and Disability
Successful Budgeting in your Early Years Setting
Supporting early language development
Sustained Shared Thinking in the Early Years
The Prevent Duty in an Early Years Environment
The Role of Trustees in Delivering the EYFS
Understanding children's rights

3. In house training given by Keren Ben-Ezra, Managing Director or the Nursery D. Manager, Roxana Negru.

A training record is kept for all employees and for individuals and this is kept in their staff folder, in the section for training and continuous professional development.

4.0 Key Person

4.1 The role of the key person and settling-in

Policy statement

We believe that children settle best when they have a key person to relate to, who knows them and their parents well, and who can meet their individual needs. Research shows that a key person approach benefits the child, the parents, the staff and the setting by providing secure relationships in which children thrive, parents have confidence, our staff are committed and the setting is a happy and dedicated place to attend or work in.

We want children to feel safe, stimulated and happy in the setting and to feel secure and comfortable with our staff. We also want parents to have confidence in both their children's well-being and their role as active partners with our setting. We aim to make our setting a welcoming place where children settle quickly and easily because consideration has been given to the individual needs and circumstances of children and their families.

The key person role is set out in the Safeguarding and Welfare Requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage. Each child must have a key person. These procedures set out a model for developing a key person approach that promotes effective and positive relationships for children.

Procedures

We allocate a key person before the child starts.

The key person is responsible for:

Providing an induction for the family and for settling the child into our setting.

Offering unconditional regard for the child and being non-judgemental.

Working with the parents to plan and deliver a personalised plan for the child's well-being, care and learning.

Acting as the key contact for the parents.

Developmental records and for sharing information on a regular basis with the child's parents to keep those records up-to-date, reflecting the full picture of the child in our setting and at home.

Having links with other carers involved with the child and co-ordinating the sharing of appropriate information about the child's development with those carers.

Encouraging positive relationships between children in her/his key group, spending time with them as a group each day.

We promote the role of the key person as the child's primary carer in our setting, and as the basis for establishing relationships with other adults and children.

Settling-in

Before a child starts to attend our setting, we use a variety of ways to provide his/her parents with information. These include written and oral information including our daily transfer of information, newsletters and policies, displays about activities available within the setting, information days and evenings and individual meetings with parents.

Before a child starts at the nursery, we provide an opportunity for the child and his/her parents to visit the setting.

The key person welcomes and looks after the child and his/her parents at the child's first session and during the settling-in process.

We use pre-start visits and the first session at which a child attends to explain and complete, with his/her parents, the child's registration records.

When a child starts to attend, we explain the process of settling-in with his/her parents and jointly decide on the best way to help the child to settle into the setting.

We have an expectation that the parent, carer or close relative, will stay for most of the session during the first day or two, gradually taking time away from their child; increasing this time as and when the child is able to cope.

Younger children will take longer to settle in, as will children who have not previously spent time away from home. Children who have had a period of absence may also need their parent to be on hand to re-settle them.

We judge a child to be settled when they have formed a relationship with their key person; for example, the child looks for the key person when he/she arrives, goes to them for comfort, and seems pleased to be with them. The child is also familiar with where things are and is pleased to see other children and participate in activities.

When parents leave, we ask them to say goodbye to their child and explain that they will be coming back, and when.

We recognise that some children will settle more readily than others, but that some children who appear to settle rapidly are not ready to be left. We expect that the parent will honour the commitment to stay for at least the first two days, or possibly longer, until their child can stay happily without them.

We do not believe that leaving a child to cry will help them to settle any quicker. We believe that a child's distress will prevent them from learning and gaining the best from the setting.

Within the first four to six weeks of starting, we discuss and work with the child's parents to begin to create their child's record of achievement.

The progress check at age two

The key person carries out the progress check at age two in accordance with the *The EYFS progress check at age two*.

The progress check aims to review the child's development and ensures that parents have a clear picture of their child's development.

Within the progress check, the key person will note areas where the child is progressing well and identify areas where progress is less than expected.

The progress check will describe the actions that will be taken by us to address any developmental concerns (including working with other professionals where appropriate) as agreed with the parent(s).

The key person will plan activities to meet the child's needs within the setting and will support parents to understand the child's needs in order to enhance their development.

5.0 Staff Child Ratio

5.1 Staffing

Policy statement

We provide a staffing ratio in line with the Safeguarding and Welfare Requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage to ensure that children have sufficient individual attention and to guarantee care and education of a high quality. Our staff are appropriately qualified and we carry out checks for enhanced criminal records and barred list checks through the Disclosure and Barring Service in accordance with statutory requirements.

Procedures

To meet this aim we use the following ratios of adult to children:

Children under two years of age: 1 adult : 3 children:

at least one member of staff holds a full and relevant level 3 qualification and is suitably experienced in working with children under two;

at least half of all other staff hold a full and relevant level 2 qualification;

at least half of all staff have received training that specifically addresses the care of babies; and

where there is an under two-year-olds' room, the member of staff in charge of that room has suitable experience of working with under twos.

Children aged two years: 1 adult : 4 children:

at least one member of staff holds a full and relevant level 3 qualification; and

at least half of all other staff hold a full and relevant level 2 qualification.

Children aged three years and over: 1 adult : 8 children:

at least one member of staff holds a full and relevant level 3 qualification; and

at least half of all other staff hold a full and relevant level 2 qualification.

We follow the Early Years Foundation Stage Safeguarding and Welfare Requirements where a Qualified Teacher, Early Years Professional or other suitable level 6 qualified

person is working directly with children aged three and over between the hours of 8am and 4pm as follows:

there is at least one member of staff for every 13 children; and

at least one other member of staff holds a full and relevant level 3 qualification.

We only include those aged 17 years or older within our ratios. Where they are competent and responsible, we may include students on long-term placements and regular volunteers.

A minimum of two staff/adults are on duty at any one time; one of whom is either the nursery manager or the deputy manager.

The nursery manager deploys our staff, students and volunteers to give adequate supervision of indoor and outdoor areas, ensuring that children are usually within sight and hearing of staff, and always within sight or hearing of staff at all times.

Our staff, students and volunteers inform their colleagues if they have to leave their area and tell colleagues where they are going.

Our staff, students and volunteers focus their attention on children at all times and do not spend time in social conversation with colleagues while they are working with children.

We assign each child a key person to help the child become familiar with the setting from the outset and to ensure that each child has a named member of staff with whom to form a relationship. The key person plans with parents for the child's well-being and development in the setting. The key person meets regularly with the family for discussion and consultation on their child's progress and offers support in guiding their development at home.

We hold regular staff meetings to undertake curriculum planning and to discuss children's progress, their achievements and any difficulties that may arise from time to time.

6.0 Health

6.1 Administering medicines

Policy statement

While it is not our policy to care for sick children, who should be at home until they are well enough to return to the setting, we will agree to administer medication as part of maintaining their health and well-being or when they are recovering from an illness. We

ensure that where medicines are necessary to maintain health of the child, they are given correctly and in accordance with legal requirements.

In many cases, it is possible for children's GPs to prescribe medicine that can be taken at home in the morning and evening. As far as possible, administering medicines will only be done where it would be detrimental to the child's health if not given in the setting. If a child has not had a medication before, especially a baby/child under two, it is advised that the parent keeps the child at home for the first 48 hours to ensure there are no adverse effects, as well as to give time for the medication to take effect.

Room leaders/deputy manager/nursery manager are responsible for the correct administration of medication to children. This includes ensuring that parent consent forms have been completed, that medicines are stored correctly and that records are kept according to procedures. The manager is generally responsible for the overseeing of administering medication.

Procedures

Children taking prescribed medication must be well enough to attend the setting.

We only usually administer medication when it has been prescribed for a child by a doctor (or other medically qualified person). It must be in-date and prescribed for the current condition.

Non-prescription medication, such as pain or fever relief (e.g. Calpol) and teething gel, may be administered, but only with prior written consent of the parent and only when there is a health reason to do so, such as a high temperature. Children under the age of 16 years are never given medicines containing aspirin unless prescribed specifically for that child by a doctor. The administering of un-prescribed medication is recorded in the same way as any other medication. NB: We may administer children's paracetamol (un-prescribed) for children, with the verbal consent of the parents in the case of a high temperature. This is to prevent febrile convulsion and where a parent or named person is on their way to collect the child.

Children's prescribed medicines are stored in their original containers, are clearly labelled and are inaccessible to the children. On receiving the medication, the member of staff checks that it is in date and prescribed specifically for the current condition.

Parents must give prior written permission for the administration of medication. The staff member receiving the medication will ask the parent to sign a consent form stating the following information. No medication may be given without these details being provided:

the full name of child and date of birth;
the name of medication and strength;
who prescribed it;
the dosage and times to be given in the setting;
the method of administration;
how the medication should be stored and its expiry date;
the signature of the parent, their printed name and the date.

The administration of medicine is recorded accurately in our medication record book each time it is given and is signed by the person administering the medication and a witness.

Parents are shown the record at the end of the day and asked to sign the record book to acknowledge the administration of the medicine. The medication record book records the:
name of the child;

name and strength of the medication;

name of the doctor that prescribed it;

date and time of the dose;

dose given and method;

signature of the person administering the medication [and a witness]; and

parent's signature.

We use the Pre-school Learning Alliance Medication Administration Record book for recording the administration of medicine and comply with the detailed procedures set out in that publication.

If the administration of prescribed medication requires medical knowledge, we obtain individual training for the relevant member of staff by a health professional.

If rectal diazepam is given, another member of staff must be present and co-signs the record book.

No child may self-administer. Where children are capable of understanding when they need medication, for example with asthma, they should be encouraged to tell their key person what they need. However, this does not replace staff vigilance in knowing and responding when a child requires medication.

The medication record book is monitored to look at the frequency of medication given in the setting. For example, a high incidence of antibiotics being prescribed for a number of children at similar times may indicate a need for better infection control.

Storage of medicines

All medication is stored safely in a locked cupboard or refrigerated as required. Where the cupboard or refrigerator is not used solely for storing medicines, they are kept in a marked plastic box.

Room leaders are responsible for ensuring medicine is handed back at the end of the day to the parent.

For some conditions, medication may be kept in the setting to be administered on a regular or as-and-when- required basis. Room leaders check that any medication held in the setting, is in date and return any out-of-date medication back to the parent.

All medications in Keren's are stored either the relevant fridge or in the relevant group room in a plastic box and is clearly labelled.

Children who have long term medical conditions and who may require ongoing medication

We carry out a risk assessment for each child with a long term medical condition that requires on-going medication. This is the responsibility of our nursery manager alongside the key person. Other medical or social care personnel may need to be involved in the risk assessment.

Parents will also contribute to a risk assessment. They should be shown around the setting, understand the routines and activities and point out anything which they think may be a risk factor for their child.

For some medical conditions, key staff will need to have training in a basic understanding of the condition, as well as how the medication is to be administered correctly. The training needs for staff form part of the risk assessment.

The risk assessment includes vigorous activities and any other activity that may give cause for concern regarding an individual child's health needs.

The risk assessment includes arrangements for taking medicines on outings and advice is sought from the child's GP if necessary where there are concerns.

An individual health plan for the child is drawn up with the parent; outlining the key person's role and what information must be shared with other adults who care for the child.

The individual health plan should include the measures to be taken in an emergency.

We review the individual health plan every six months, or more frequently if necessary.

This includes reviewing the medication, e.g. changes to the medication or the dosage, any side effects noted etc.

Parents receive a copy of the individual health plan and each contributor, including the parent, signs it.

Managing medicines on trips and outings

If children are going on outings, the key person for the child will accompany the children with a risk assessment, or another member of staff who is fully informed about the child's needs and/or medication.

Medication for a child is taken in a sealed plastic box clearly labelled with the child's name and the name of the medication. Inside the box is a copy of the consent form and a card to record when it has been given, including all the details that need to be recorded in the medication record as stated above.

On returning to the setting the card is stapled to the medicine record book and the parent signs it.

If a child on medication has to be taken to hospital, the child's medication is taken in a sealed plastic box clearly labelled with the child's name and the name of the medication. Inside the box is a copy of the consent form signed by the parent.

This procedure should be read alongside the outings procedure.

6.2 Managing children who are sick, infectious, or with allergies

Policy statement

We aim to provide care for healthy children through preventing cross infection of viruses and bacterial infections and promote health through identifying allergies and preventing contact with the allergenic trigger.

Procedures for children who are sick or infectious

If children appear unwell during the day – for example, if they have a temperature, sickness, diarrhoea or pains, particularly in the head or stomach – The nursery manager call the parents and ask them to collect the child, or to send a known carer to collect the child on their behalf.

The child's temperature is taken using a digital thermometer.

If the child's temperature does not go down and is worryingly high, then we may give them Calpol or another similar analgesic, after first obtaining verbal consent from the parent where possible. This is to reduce the risk of febrile convulsions, particularly for under two's. Parents sign the medication record when they collect their child.

In extreme cases of emergency, an ambulance is called and the parent informed.

Parents are asked to take their child to the doctor before returning them to the setting; we can refuse admittance to children who have a temperature, sickness and diarrhoea or a contagious infection or disease.

Where children have been prescribed antibiotics for an infectious illness or complaint, we ask parents to keep them at home for 48 hours before returning to the setting.

After diarrhoea, we ask parents keep children home for 48 hours following the last episode.

Some activities, such as sand and water play, and self-serve snacks where there is a risk of cross-contamination may be suspended for the duration of any outbreak.

We have a list of excludable diseases and current exclusion times. The full list is obtainable from

www.hpa.org.uk/webc/HPAwebFile/HPAweb_C/1194947358374 and includes common childhood illnesses such as measles.

Reporting of 'notifiable diseases'

If a child or adult is diagnosed as suffering from a notifiable disease under the Health Protection (Notification) Regulations 2010, the GP will report this to Public Health England.

When we become aware, or are formally informed of the notifiable disease, the nursery manager informs Ofsted and contacts Public Health England, and acts on any advice given.

HIV/AIDS/Hepatitis procedure

HIV virus, like other viruses such as Hepatitis A, B and C, are spread through body fluids. Hygiene precautions for dealing with body fluids are the same for all children and adults. We:

Wear single-use vinyl gloves and aprons when changing children's nappies, pants and clothing that are soiled with blood, urine, faeces or vomit.

Use protective rubber gloves for cleaning/sluicing clothing after changing.

Rinse soiled clothing and either bag it for parents to collect or launder it in the setting.

Clear spills of blood, urine, faeces or vomit using mild disinfectant solution and mops; any cloths used are disposed of with the clinical waste.

Clean any tables and other furniture, furnishings or toys affected by blood, urine, faeces or vomit using a disinfectant.

Ensure that children do not share tooth brushes, which are also soaked weekly in sterilising solution.

Nits and head lice

Nits and head lice are not an excludable condition; although in exceptional cases we may ask a parent to keep the child away until the infestation has cleared.

On identifying cases of head lice, we inform all parents ask them to treat their child and all the family if they are found to have head lice.

Procedures for children with allergies

When children start at the setting we ask their parents if their child suffers from any known allergies. This is recorded on the Registration Form.

If a child has an allergy, we complete a risk assessment form to detail the following:

The allergen (i.e. the substance, material or living creature the child is allergic to such as nuts, eggs, bee stings, cats etc).

The nature of the allergic reactions (e.g. anaphylactic shock reaction, including rash, reddening of skin, swelling, breathing problems etc).

What to do in case of allergic reactions, any medication used and how it is to be used (e.g. EpiPen).

Control measures - such as how the child can be prevented from contact with the allergen.

Review measures.

This risk assessment form is kept in the child's personal file and a copy is displayed where our staff can see it.

Generally, no nuts or nut products are used within the setting.

Parents are made aware so that no nut or nut products are accidentally brought in, for example to a party.

Insurance requirements for children with allergies and disabilities

If necessary, our insurance will include children with any disability or allergy, but certain procedures must be strictly adhered to as set out below. For children suffering life threatening conditions, or requiring invasive treatments; written confirmation from our insurance provider must be obtained to extend the insurance.

At all times we ensure that the administration of medication is compliant with the Safeguarding and Welfare Requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage.

Oral medication:

Asthma inhalers are now regarded as 'oral medication' by insurers and so documents do not need to be forwarded to our insurance provider. Oral medications must be prescribed by a GP or have manufacturer's instructions clearly written on them.

We must be provided with clear written instructions on how to administer such medication. We adhere to all risk assessment procedures for the correct storage and administration of the medication.

We must have the parents or guardians prior written consent. This consent must be kept on file. It is not necessary to forward copy documents to our insurance provider.

Life-saving medication and invasive treatments:

These include adrenaline injections (Epipens) for anaphylactic shock reactions (caused by allergies to nuts, eggs etc) or invasive treatments such as rectal administration of Diazepam (for epilepsy).

We must have:

a letter from the child's GP/consultant stating the child's condition and what medication if any is to be administered;

written consent from the parent or guardian allowing our staff to administer medication; and

proof of training in the administration of such medication by the child's GP, a district nurse, children's nurse specialist or a community paediatric nurse.

Copies of all three documents relating to these children must first be sent to the nursery insurance provider - Aviva. Written confirmation that the insurance has been extended will be issued by return.

Key person for special needs children requiring assistance with tubes to help them with everyday living e.g. breathing apparatus, to take nourishment, colostomy bags etc.:

Prior written consent must be obtained from the child's parent or guardian to give treatment and/or medication prescribed by the child's GP.

The key person must have the relevant medical training/experience, which may include receiving appropriate instructions from parents or guardians.

Copies of all letters relating to these children must first be sent to the nursery insurance provider - Ecclesiastical. Written confirmation that the insurance has been extended will be issued by return.

If we are unsure about any aspect, we contact Ashley Page Insurance Brokers Ltd on (0) 20 8349 5100.

6.3 Recording and reporting of accidents and incidents

Policy statement

We follow the guidelines of the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) for the reporting of accidents and incidents. Child protection matters or behavioural incidents between children are not regarded as incidents and there are separate procedures for this.

Procedures

Our Accident Book:

is kept in a safe and secure place;
is accessible to our staff and volunteers, who all know how to complete it; and
is reviewed termly to identify any potential or actual hazards.

Reporting accidents and incidents

Ofsted is notified as soon as possible, but at least within 14 days, of any instances which involve:

food poisoning affecting two or more children looked after on our premises;
a serious accident or injury to, or serious illness of, a child in our care and the action we take in response; and
the death of a child in our care.

Local child protection agencies are informed of any serious accident or injury to a child, or the death of any child, while in our care and we act on any advice given by those agencies.

Any food poisoning affecting two or more children or adults on our premises is reported to the local Environmental Health Department.

We meet our legal requirements in respect of the safety of our employees and the public by complying with RIDDOR. We report to the Health and Safety Executive (HSE):

Any work-related accident leading to an injury to a member of the public (child or adult), for which they are taken directly to hospital for treatment.

Any work-related accident leading to a specified injury to one of our employees. Specified injuries include injuries such as fractured bones, the loss of consciousness due to a head injury, serious burns or amputations.

Any work-related accident leading to an injury to one of our employees which results in them being unable to work for seven consecutive days. All work-related injuries that lead to one of our employees being incapacitated for three or more days are recorded in our Accident Book.

When one of our employees suffers from a reportable occupational disease or illness as specified by the HSE.

Any death, of a child or adult, that occurs in connection with a work-related accident.

Any dangerous occurrences. This may be an event that causes injury or fatalities or an event that does not cause an accident, but could have done; such as a gas leak.

Information for reporting incidents to the Health and Safety Executive is provided in the Pre-school Learning Alliance's Accident Record publication. Any dangerous occurrence is recorded in our Incident Book (see below).

Incident Book

We have ready access to telephone numbers for emergency services, including the local police. We have contact numbers for the gas and electricity emergency services, and a carpenter, plumber and electrician.

We ensure that our staff and volunteers carry out all health and safety procedures to minimise risk and that they know what to do in an emergency.

On discovery of an incident, we report it to the appropriate emergency services – fire, police, Ambulance – if those services are needed.

If an incident occurs before any children arrive, the nursery manager risk assesses this situation and decides if the premises are safe to receive children. The nursery manager may decide to offer a limited service or to close the setting.

Where an incident occurs whilst the children are in our care and it is necessary to evacuate the premises, we follow the procedures in our Fire Safety and Emergency Evacuation Policy or, when on an outing, the procedures identified in the risk assessment for the outing.

If a crime may have been committed, we ask all adults witness to the incident to make a witness statement including the date and time of the incident, what they saw or heard, what they did about it and their full name and signature.

We keep an Incident Book for recording major incidents, including some of those that are reportable to the Health and Safety Executive as above.

These incidents include:

a break in, burglary, or theft of personal or our setting's property;
an intruder gaining unauthorised access to our premises;
a fire, flood, gas leak or electrical failure;
an attack on an adult or child on our premises or nearby;
any racist incident involving families or our staff on the setting's premises;
a notifiable disease or illness, or an outbreak of food poisoning affecting two or more children looked after on our premises;
the death of a child or adult; and
a terrorist attack, or threat of one.

In the Incident Book we record the date and time of the incident, nature of the event, who was affected, what was done about it or if it was reported to the police, and if so a crime number. Any follow up, or insurance claim made, is also recorded.

In the event of a terrorist attack, we follow the advice of the emergency services with regard to evacuation, medical aid and contacting children's families. Our standard Fire Safety and Emergency Evacuation Policy or Invacuation Policy will be followed and our staff will take charge of their key children. The incident is recorded when the threat is averted.

In the unlikely event of a child dying on our premises, through cot death in the case of a baby, for example, the emergency services are called and the advice of this service is followed.

The Incident Book is not for recording issues of concern involving a child. This is recorded in the child's own file.

6.4 Nappy changing

Policy statement

No child is excluded from participating in our setting who may, for any reason, not yet be toilet trained and who may still be wearing nappies or equivalent. We work with parents towards toilet training, unless there are medical or other developmental reasons why this may not be appropriate at the time.

We provide nappy changing facilities and exercise good hygiene practices in order to accommodate children who are not yet toilet trained.

We see toilet training as a self-care skill that children have the opportunity to learn with the full support and non-judgemental concern of adults.

Procedures

Our key persons have a list of personalised changing times for the children in their care who are in nappies; and change nappies according to this schedule, or more frequently where necessary.

We encourage young children from two years to normally wear pull ups, or other types of trainer pants, as soon as they are comfortable with this and if their parents agree.

Our key persons undertake changing children in their key groups; back up key persons change them if the key person is absent.

Our changing area is warm, with a safe area to lay children and no bright lights shining down in their eyes. There are mobiles and other objects of interest to take the child's attention.

Each child has their own basket to hand with their nappies or pull ups and changing wipes.

Our staff put on gloves and aprons before changing starts and the areas are prepared.

Paper towel is put down on the changing mat freshly for each child.

All our staff are familiar with our hygiene procedures and carry these out when changing nappies.

Our staff never turn their back on a child or leave them unattended whilst they are on the changing mat.

We are gentle when changing; we avoid pulling faces and making negative comments about 'nappy contents'.

We do not make inappropriate comments about children's genitals when changing their nappies.

In addition, we ensure that nappy changing is relaxed and a time to promote independence in young children.

We encourage children to take an interest in using the toilet; they may just want to sit on it and talk to a friend who is also using the toilet.

We encourage children to wash their hands, and have soap and towels to hand. They should be allowed time for some play as they explore the water and the soap.

We limit the use of anti-bacterial hand wash liquid or soap for young children; young skin is quite delicate and anti-bacterial products kill off certain good bacteria that children need to develop their own natural resistance to infection.

Older children access the toilet when they have the need to and are encouraged to be independent.

We dispose of nappies and pull ups hygienically. Any soil in nappies or pull ups is flushed down the toilet and the nappy or pull up is bagged and put in the bin. Cloth nappies, trainer pants and ordinary pants that have been wet or soiled are rinsed and bagged for parents to take home.

We have a 'duty of care' towards children's personal needs. If children are left in wet or soiled nappies/pull ups in the setting this may constitute neglect and will be a disciplinary matter.

6.5 Food and drink

Policy statement

We regard snack and meal times as an important part of our day. Eating represents a social time for children and adults, and helps children to learn about healthy eating. We promote healthy eating using resources and materials at our disposal. At snack and meal times, we aim to provide nutritious food, which meet the children's individual dietary needs.

Aims

As a Healthy Early Years London setting **we** want to ensure that **we** promote the health and well-being of the whole setting community through all aspects of food and nutrition and provide consistent messages to children, parents/carers **and staff**.

Our food meets the Voluntary food and drink guidelines for Early Years settings in England – <https://www.actionforchildren.org.uk/media/9750/eat-well-practical-guide-final-check.pdf> and we consider sustainability when choosing foods to serve: <https://www.firststepsnutrition.org/eating-sustainably/>

Procedures

We follow these procedures to promote healthy eating in our setting.

Before a child starts to attend the setting, we ask their parents about their dietary needs and preferences, including any allergies or intolerances. (See the Managing Children who are Sick, Infectious or with Allergies Policy.)

We record information about each child's dietary needs in the Registration Form and parents sign the form to signify that it is correct.

We regularly consult with parents to ensure that our records of their children's dietary needs – including any allergies - are up-to-date. Parents sign the updated record to signify that it is correct.

We display current information about individual children's dietary needs so that all our staff and volunteers are fully informed about them.

We implement systems to ensure that children receive only food and drink that is consistent with their dietary needs and preferences, as well as their parents' wishes.

We plan menus in advance, involving children and parents in the planning.

We display the menus of meals/snacks for parents to view.

We provide nutritious food for all meals and snacks, avoiding large quantities of saturated fat, sugar and salt and artificial additives, preservatives and colourings.

Bread and bread products are selected from those with green or amber labels (low or medium salt content), such as Kingsmill 50/50 or Kingsmill Wholemeal. We use limited canned products (chickpeas, beans or tomatoes) and only those with reduced salt and sugar content. No salt is added to cooked food.

Dairy products, where used, are full fat and low in sugar.

We do not use ready-made sauces, stocks, gravy, or condiments such as ketchup.

We do not use food and drinks containing artificial sweeteners, flavour enhancers or artificial colours and preservatives.

We include a variety of foods from the four main food groups:

fish and protein alternatives;

dairy foods;

grains, cereals and starch vegetables; and

fruit and vegetables.

We include foods from the diet of each of the children's cultural backgrounds, providing children with familiar foods and introducing them to new ones. Vegetarian children will be offered 2-3 portions of meat alternatives each day, such as pulses and beans.

We take care not to provide food containing nuts or nut products and we are especially vigilant where we have a child who has a known allergy to nuts.

Through discussion with parents and research reading, we obtain information about the dietary rules of the religious groups, to which children and their parents belong, and of

vegetarians and vegans, as well as about food allergies. We take account of this information in the provision of food and drinks.

All our food is certified Kosher.

We show sensitivity in providing for children's diets and allergies. We do not use a child's diet or allergy as a label for the child, or make a child feel singled out because of her/his diet or allergy.

We organise meal and snack times so that they are social occasions in which children and adults participate.

We use meal and snack times to help children to develop independence through making choices, serving food and drink and feeding themselves. We encourage children to try new foods by having an adult model eating it. When new recipes are introduced, we talk with the children about the new food, the ingredients in it and approach it with excitement. We provide children with utensils that are appropriate for their ages and stages of development and that take account of the eating practices in their cultures.

We have fresh drinking water constantly available for the children. We inform the children about how to obtain the water and that they can ask for water at any time during the day. In accordance with parents' wishes, we offer children arriving early in the morning, and/or staying late, an appropriate meal or snack.

In order to protect children with food allergies, we discourage children from sharing and swapping their food with one another.

We provide full fat milk from the age of 18 months; it is included as a drink and also as part of a meal such as on cereal.

For each child, we provide parents with daily information about feeding routines, intake and preferences.

We regularly review the children's enjoyment of the food served in the setting and change the menu to cater for children's preferences.

6.6 Individual Health Plan

This form must be used alongside the individual child's registration form which contains emergency parental contact and other personal details.

Date completed:	Review date:
Child's details:	
Full name:	Date of birth:
Address:	
Allergies:	
Medical condition/diagnosis	
Medical needs and symptoms:	
Daily care requirements:	
Medication details (inc. expiry date/disposal)	
Storage of medication:	
Procedure for administering medication:	
Names of staff trained to carry out health plan procedures and administer medication:	
Other information:	
Date risk assessment completed:	
Risk assessment details:	
Describe what constitutes an emergency for the child, what procedures will be taken if this occurs and the names of staff responsible for an emergency situation with the child:	
Child's main carer(s)	

Name:	_____	Relationship to child:	_____
Contact number(s):	_____		_____
Name:	_____	Relationship to child:	_____
Contact number(s):	_____		_____

General Practitioner's details:

Name:	_____	Contact number:	_____
Address:	_____		_____
	_____		_____

Clinic of Hospital details (if app):

Name:	_____	Contact number:	_____
Address:	_____		_____
	_____		_____

Declaration

I have read the information in this health plan and have found it to be accurate. I agree for the recorded procedures to be carried out:

Name of parent:	_____	Date:	_____
Signature:	_____		_____
Name of key person:	_____	Date:	_____
Signature:	_____		_____
Name of manager:	_____	Date:	_____
Signature:	_____		_____
Date:	_____		_____

For children requiring lifesaving or invasive medication and/or care, for example, rectal diazepam, adrenaline injectors, Epipens, Anapens, JextPens, maintaining breathing apparatus, changing colostomy or feeding tubes, you must receive approval from the child's GP/consultant, as follows:

I have read the information in this Individual Health Plan and have found it to be accurate.

Name of

Date:

GP/consultant:

Signature: _____

To be reviewed every 12 months, or as and when needed.

Copied to parents and child's personal file (with registration form)

6.7 Sun Care

Policy statement

The nursery is committed to ensuring that all children are fully protected from the dangers of too much sun. Severe sunburn in childhood can lead to the development of malignant melanoma (the most dangerous type of skin cancer) in later life.

Procedures

The following guidelines are for the prevention and care of children in the sun:

Children must have a clearly labelled sun hat which will be worn at all times whilst outside in sunny weather.

Children must have prior written consent from the parents for staff to apply sunscreen.

Keren's Nursery requires parents to provide a clearly labelled sunscreen with SPF 30 or above for their child.

Children need light weight cotton clothing suitable for the sun, with long sleeves and long legs if prone to sunburn.

Children will always have sunscreen applied before going outside in the sun and at frequent intervals during the day.

Children are encouraged to drink water more frequently throughout sunny or warm days.

Children are made aware of the need for sunhats, sunscreen and the need to drink more fluids during their time in the sun.

Staff will make day to day decisions about the length of time spent outside dependant on the strength of the sun.

Shady areas of the garden are available should children want to cool down or escape the sun should they wish or need to.

All staff are Paediatric First Aid trained and know how to respond to signs of heat exhaustion or heatstroke, if necessary.

6.8 Severe Weather Policy

During the winter months the weather is very changeable and often unpredictable. Keren's Nursery makes every effort to maintain our scheduled opening hours despite adverse weather.

Historically we have experienced some treacherous weather conditions in our area with public transport seriously affected. This has affected the nursery as staff struggles to get to work on time and sometimes cannot attend at all.

On these occasions the nursery may have to open late or close early to allow families and staff to reach home / work safely. Consequently, at times without appropriate staffing we are unable to operate.

Any changes to normal hours will be sent to staff and parents / carers by texting or email or by phone. We will make every effort to do this as early as we can but please note that morning notifications may not be available until 8-9am. Early closures will be notified in the same manner.

To enable us to text/email you please ensure to keep us updated with any new mobile numbers or email addresses.

6.9 Physical Development Policy

Policy statement

We are committed to providing opportunities for young children to be active and interactive; and to develop their co-ordination, control and movement, both outside and indoors.

We expect children to be outside every day and plan activities for our outdoor environment for each group.

We ask parents to provide suitable clothing to enable children to access our outdoors provisions in a variety of weathers; sun hats and sun cream in the summer and hooded jackets and wellington boots in the winter.

We have built a protected area which covers the sand pit and outdoor kitchen area.

Staff are trained in the importance of providing high quality physical experiences for the children, both inside and outside.

Outdoor provision and resources are audited on a regular basis to ensure provision is stimulating, varied and attractive.

Procedures

Children access our outdoor provision at least once each day, whatever the weather. We regularly check children's body temperatures making sure they are not too hot in the summer or too cold in the winter. In windy weather we risk assess any possible flying debris from nearby trees.

In the rare case of the children not being able to access the outdoor provision, each room has a box of physical movement resources to use indoors, such as plastic bubble wrap for jumping on, crawling on, indoor slides, and blankets to drape over tables to make crawl through tunnels.

Our oldest children have "free flow" access to the outdoor provision.

Children are consulted about activities in the outdoor provision.

Children's movements are observed and assessed, with individual needs being catered for in planning.

HEALTHY EARLY YEARS LONDON

Keren's Nursery Food and Drink Statement

Date October 2022

Date to be reviewed September 2023

Aims

As a Healthy Early Years London setting we/I want to ensure that we/I promote the health and well-being of the whole setting community through all aspects of food and nutrition and provide consistent messages to children, parents/carers and staff.

We are working towards meeting the Voluntary food and drink guidelines for Early Years settings in England

<https://www.actionforchildren.org.uk/media/9750/eat-well-practical-guide-final-check.pdf>

We consider sustainability when choosing foods to serve:

<https://www.firststepsnutrition.org/eating-sustainably/>

Our meals, snacks and drinks are scheduled at regular times

A healthy, balanced and nutritious meal or a snack is offered to children at least every 1½ – 3 hours. We offer three main meals a day – breakfast, lunch and dinner – and two snacks – one for the morning (referred to as Israeli breakfast) and one for the afternoon (also called “tea” in our setting). This is because children have small stomachs and high nutrient needs as they grow and develop, to play and learn. Only drinking water or milk is provided. Fresh drinking water is available at all times and staff encourage children to drink water regularly throughout the day.

Our meals are healthy and nutritious

We avoid large quantities of saturated fat and limit sugar and salt. We do not use or serve food containing artificial sweeteners, flavour enhancers or artificial colours and preservatives. We do not use ready-made sauces, stocks, gravy or condiments such as ketchup. Bread and bread products are selected from those with green or amber labels (low or medium salt content), such as Kingsmill 50/50 or Kingsmill Wholemeal. We use limited canned products (chickpeas, beans or tomatoes) and those use those with reduced salt and sugar content. No salt is added to cooked food. Dairy products are full fat and low in sugar. We include a variety of foods from the four main food groups:

Fish and protein alternatives;

Dairy;

Grains, cereals, and starchy vegetables;

Fruit and vegetables.

Vegetarian children will be offered 2-3 portions of meat alternatives each day, such as pulses and beans.

All our food is certified Kosher and we do not serve any meat, other than fish.

We serve age appropriate portion sizes

We serve small portion sizes on child sized plates. Appetites in young children vary. We encourage them to eat healthy foods according to their appetites. It is better for children to ask for seconds than to serve them too much. Children are not praised for finishing the food on their plate. This helps children to recognise when they are hungry and when they have eaten enough. Snacks served are mini-meals, with components as healthy as mealtime choices.

Meal and snack times are relaxed, calm and with shared conversation

Meal and snack times are recognised as an important time to develop verbal and social skills, good eating habits and a time to learn about healthy eating. We eat with the children at mealtimes and eat the same food. Children always sit at tables in groups for meals and snacks. We can easily offer help, role model good manners and eating behaviour, direct conversation, and create a calm and relaxed eating environment. At the same time, we can supervise the children eating. Children eat in their own classroom, in order to reduce anxiety caused by transitioning to other spaces. This, in turn, helps children approach meal times with a positive attitude. A member of staff is always sat at the table with the children and we encourage the adults to eat, as well, so they can role model use of cutlery and tasting of various foods. The food area is cleaned before and after each meal and children are encouraged to participate in setting the table for meals or cleaning up after (for example, by taking their bowl/plate to the sink).

Children are encouraged to try healthy food

Children are encouraged to have a little of the different dishes on their plate and have a balanced diet. Dried fruit is limited in the nursery as this can cause tooth decay. Children are allowed to say 'no' to foods and all food served is healthy. Food is not used as a reward or punishment. Children are not praised for finishing the food on their plate but will be praised for trying different foods and demonstrating good manners and eating behaviour.

We use food to support the development of children

All children in our setting are given opportunities to explore food using their different senses. Children are involved in food growing and in food preparation, such as simple cold dishes – fruit salad, sandwiches or wraps – as well as some simple baking recipes –

bread, banana muffins or cheese scones. We ensure that children and staff wash their hands before food preparation, meals or snacks. Children are involved in setting and clearing the tables and are encouraged to be successful in whatever self-feeding and self-serving they are capable of doing to support their growing independence, for example picking up finger food and bringing it to their mouth or using tongs to self-serve vegetable sticks. We provide children with utensils that are appropriate for their ages and stages of development and take account of the eating practices in their cultures. Food is served in a form that young children can eat with minimum assistance and without choking; the texture changing from soft mashed food to adult texture by the age of 12 months.

Parents and/or carers are given information on the meals and snacks provided. We tell parents and/or carers how much their child ate during the day and foods they particularly enjoyed or tried. Providing information to parents and carers on menus and the routine for meals helps them to plan their child's routine at home. Children benefit when parents and practitioners share information and work together. The parents receive daily written or verbal feedback (according to each family's preference) and this includes the daily menu, as well as the number of servings their child has eaten or any alternatives offered.

We support parents to do the best for their children

We ask parents to not bring any food in the nursery (with the exceptions of children's birthdays). We encourage eligible pregnant women and mothers with children under four to register with the Healthy Start scheme and access the weekly food vouchers and free Healthy Start vitamins. We provide effective support and information for parents and carers about all aspects of feeding infants and young children.

We provide suitable food for all

Children with complex needs have their nutrition needs taken into account. Procedures are in place to support and manage children's dietary requirements, including fussy eaters. A food/drink substitution, made in the case of allergies or other dietary requirements, will be similar in nutrient content to the food/drink it replaces. Food allergen information is on display. Foods served reflect the ethnicity and cultures of all children using the provision. Parents and/or carers are asked for advice to ensure the needs of all children are met and we learn from carers and parents' experiences and suggestions. Information about children's allergies, intolerance or other dietary needs are discussed at the point of registration, where parents are asked to provide this information on the

Registration Form. For allergies, we ask parents to provide a letter from their doctor which we use to complete their Allergy Action Plan.

Special occasions and birthdays are celebrated with mostly healthy foods or with non-food treats

We ask parents to not bring in any cakes, biscuits or other sweet treats for birthdays. We encourage use of non-food treats, such as craft projects, bubbles, etc. For the birthday “cake”, parents provide a fruit platter which children can share at the party. Religious and cultural events and festivals are linked to activities where traditional healthy foods can be explored. Parents/carers are encouraged to attend events to celebrate special and cultural occasions.

Only healthy drinks are provided

We follow DH guidelines on preparing and using formula milk. We only give children first infant milk and only for the first year of life, practising responsive bottle-feeding. Drinks are offered in an open or free flow cup (without a valve) and bottles are stopped at one year, so that they learn to sip rather than suck drinks. Water and milk are the best drinks for children’s teeth, growth and development. We provide full fat milk for all children. Drinking water is available at all times. Juice (even diluted juice) or other sugary drinks are not provided.

We have a supportive breastfeeding environment

Breast milk is the ideal source of nutrition for infants for at least the first year of life. We have refrigerated storage space for expressed breast milk which is clearly labelled with name and date. Mothers are welcome to breastfeed (or express breastmilk) and a secluded space will be provided, if required. We can direct mothers to where they can access further breastfeeding support.

We have received appropriate training

All of our staff have received food safety and hygiene training. We are continuing to undertake relevant training, as part of the Healthy Early Years London programme.

7.0 Managing Behaviour

7.1 Promoting Positive Behaviour

Policy statement

We believe that children flourish best when their personal, social and emotional needs are understood, supported and met and where there are clear, fair and developmentally appropriate expectations for their behaviour.

As children develop, they learn about boundaries, the difference between right and wrong, and to consider the views and feelings, needs and rights of others and the impact that their behaviour has on people, places, and objects. The development of these skills requires adult guidance to help encourage and model appropriate behaviours and to offer intervention and support when children who struggle with conflict and emotional situations. In these types of situations, key staff can help identify and address triggers for the behaviour and help children reflect, regulate, and manage their actions.

Procedures

In order to manage children's behaviour in an appropriate way we will:

attend relevant training to help understand and guide appropriate models of behaviour;
implement the setting's behaviour procedures including the stepped approach;
have the necessary skills to support other staff with behaviour issues & to access expert advice, if necessary;
ensure all staff complete the Promoting Positive Behaviour programme, on Educare (<http://pre-school.educare.co.uk/Login.aspx>)

Stepped approach

Step 1

We will ensure that EYFS guidance relating to 'behaviour management' is incorporated into relevant policy and procedures;

We will be knowledgeable with, and apply the setting's procedures on Promoting Positive Behaviour;

We will undertake an annual audit of the provision to ensure the environment and practices supports healthy social and emotional development. Findings from the audit are considered by management and relevant adjustments applied.

We will ensure that all staff are supported to address issues relating to behaviour including applying initial and focused intervention approaches (see below).

Step 2

We address unwanted behaviours using the agreed and consistently applied initial intervention approach. If the unwanted behaviour does not reoccur or cause concern, then normal monitoring will resume.

Behaviours that result in concern for the child and/or others will be discussed between the key person, the behaviour coordinator and Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCO) or/and manager. During the meeting, the key person will use their knowledge and assessments of the child to share any known influencing factors (new baby, additional needs, illness etc.) in order to place the behaviour into context. Appropriate adjustments to practice will be agreed and if successful normal monitoring resumed.

If the behaviour continues to reoccur and remain a concern, then the key person should liaise with parents to discuss possible reasons for the behaviour and to agree next steps.

If a cause for the behaviour is not known or only occurs whilst in the setting, then the SENCO will suggest using a focused intervention approach to identify a trigger for the behaviour.

If a trigger is identified, then the SENCO and key person will meet with the parents to plan support for the child through developing an action plan. If relevant, recommended actions for dealing with the behaviour at home should be agreed with the parent/s and incorporated into the plan. Other members of the staff team should be informed of the agreed actions in the action plan and help implement the actions. The plan should be monitored and reviewed regularly by the key person and SENCO until improvement is noticed.

Step 3

If, despite applying the initial intervention and focused intervention approaches, the behaviour continues to occur and/or is of significant concern, then the behaviour coordinator and SENCO will invite the parents to a meeting to discuss external referral and next steps for supporting the child in the setting.

It may also be agreed that the Common Assessment Framework (CAF) or Early Help process should begin and that specialist help be sought for the child if deemed necessary

– this support may address either developmental or welfare needs. (See Supporting Children with SEN policy 9.2) If the child's behaviour is part of a range of welfare concerns that also include a concern that the child may be suffering or likely to suffer significant harm, follow the Safeguarding and Children and Child Protection Policy (1.2). Advice provided by external agencies should be incorporated into the child's action plan and regular multi-disciplinary meetings held to review the child's progress.

Initial intervention approach

We use an initial problem solving intervention for all situations in which a child or children are distressed or in conflict. All staff use this intervention consistently.

This type of approach involves an adult approaching the situation calmly, stopping any hurtful actions, acknowledging the feelings of those involved, gathering information, restating the issue to help children reflect, regain control of the situation and resolve the situation themselves.

High Scope's Conflict Resolution process provides this type of approach but equally any other similar method would be suitable. Periodically the effectiveness of the approach will be checked.

Focused intervention approach

The reasons for some types of behaviour are not always apparent, despite the knowledge and input from key staff and parents.

Where we have considered all possible reasons, then a focused intervention approach should then be applied.

This approach allows the key person and behaviour coordinator to observe, reflect, and identify causes and functions of unwanted behaviour in the wider context of other known influences on the child.

We follow the ABC method which uses key observations to identify a) an event or activity (antecedent) that occurred immediately before a particular behaviour, b) what behaviour was observed and recorded at the time of the incident, and c) what the consequences were following the behaviour. Once analysed, the focused intervention should help determine the cause (e.g. ownership of a toy or fear of a situation) and function of the behaviour (to obtain the toy or avoid a situation) and suitable support will be applied.

Use of rewards and sanctions

All children need consistent messages, clear boundaries and guidance to intrinsically manage their behaviour through self-reflection and control.

Rewards such as excessive praise and stickers may provide an immediate change in the behaviour but will not teach children how to act when a 'prize' is not being given or provide the child with the skills to manage situations and their emotions. Instead, a child is taught how to be 'compliant' and respond to meet adult's own expectations in order to obtain a reward (or for fear of a sanction). If used, then the type of rewards and their functions must be carefully considered before applying.

Children should never be labelled, criticised, humiliated, punished, shouted at or isolated by removing them from the group & left alone in 'time out' or on a 'naughty chair'.

However, if necessary children can be accompanied & removed from the group in order to calm down & if appropriate, helped to reflect on what has happened.

Use of physical intervention

The term physical intervention is used to describe any forceful physical contact by an adult to a child, such as grabbing, pulling, dragging, or any form of restraint of a child, such as holding down. Where a child is upset or angry, staff will speak to them calmly, encouraging them to vent their frustration in other ways by diverting the child's attention. Staff should not use physical intervention – or the threat of physical intervention, to manage a child's behaviour unless it is necessary to use "reasonable force in order to prevent children from injuring themselves or others or damage property" (EYFS).

If "reasonable force" has been used for any of the reasons shown above, parents are to be informed on the same day that it occurs. The intervention will be recorded as soon as possible within the child's file, which states clearly when and how parents were informed. Corporal (physical) punishment of any kind should never be used or threatened, this could adversely affect a child's well-being.

8.0 Safety and Suitability of premises, environment and equipment

8.1 Health and safety general standards

Policy statement

We believe that the health and safety of children is of paramount importance. We make our setting a safe and healthy place for children, parents, staff and volunteers. We have commissioned Mentor who have audited us for health and safety and have produced a

written document setting out what steps are required for us to comply with all health and safety regulations.

We aim to make children, parents, staff and volunteers aware of health and safety issues and to minimise the hazards and risks to enable the children to thrive in a healthy and safe environment.

Our member of staff responsible for Health and Safety is Alexandra Costin.

She is competent to carry out these responsibilities.

We regularly receive H&S updates from Mentor (NatWest) which keep our knowledge up to date.

We display the necessary Health and Safety poster in the entrance hallways.

Insurance cover

We have public liability insurance and employers' liability insurance. The certificate for public liability insurance is displayed in the nursery office.

Procedures

Awareness raising

Our induction training for staff and volunteers includes a clear explanation of health and safety issues, so that all adults are able to adhere to our policy and procedures as they understand their shared responsibility for health and safety. The induction training covers matters of employee well-being, including safe lifting and the storage of potentially dangerous substances.

We keep records of these induction training sessions and new staff and volunteers are asked to sign the records to confirm that they have taken part.

We explain health and safety issues to the parents of new children, so that they understand the part played by these issues in the daily life of the setting.

As necessary, health and safety training is included in the annual training plans of staff, and health and safety is discussed regularly at our staff meetings.

We operate a no-smoking policy.

We make children aware of health and safety issues through discussions, planned activities and routines.

Windows

Low level windows are made from materials that prevent accidental breakage or we ensure that they are made safe.

We ensure that windows are protected from accidental breakage or vandalism from people outside the building.

Our windows above the ground floor are secured so that children cannot climb through them.

We ensure that any blind cords are secured safely and do not pose a strangulation risk for young children.

Doors

We take precautions to prevent children's fingers from being trapped in doors by installing finger guards.

Floors and walkways

All our floor surfaces are checked daily to ensure they are clean and not uneven, wet or damaged. Any wet spills are mopped up immediately.

Walkways and stairs are left clear and uncluttered.

Stair gates are in place at the foot and top of the stairs.

Electrical equipment

We ensure that all electrical equipment conforms to safety requirements and is checked regularly.

Our boiler/electrical switch gear/meter cupboard is not accessible to the children.

Heaters, electric sockets, wires and leads are properly guarded and we teach the children not to touch them.

We check storage heaters daily to make sure they are not covered.

There are sufficient sockets in our setting to prevent overloading.

We switch electrical devices off from the plug after use.

We ensure that the temperature of hot water is controlled to prevent scalds.

Lighting and ventilation is adequate in all areas of our setting, including storage areas.

Storage

All our resources and materials, which are used by the children, are stored safely.

All our equipment and resources are stored or stacked safely to prevent them accidentally falling or collapsing.

Outdoor area

Our outdoor area is securely fenced. All gates and fences are safe.

Our outdoor area is checked for safety and cleared of rubbish, animal droppings and any other unsafe items before it is used.

Adults and children are alerted to the dangers of poisonous plants, herbicides and pesticides.

We leave receptacles upturned to prevent collection of rainwater. Where water can form a pool on equipment, it is emptied and cleaned before children start playing outside.

Our outdoor sand pit is covered when not in use and is cleaned regularly.

We check that children are suitably attired for the weather conditions and type of outdoor activities; ensuring that sun cream is applied and hats are worn during the summer months.

We supervise outdoor activities at all times; and particular children on climbing equipment.

Hygiene

We seek information from the Public Health England to ensure that we keep up-to-date with the latest recommendations.

Our daily routines encourage the children to learn about personal hygiene.

We have a daily cleaning routine for the setting, which includes the play rooms, kitchen, rest area, toilets and nappy changing areas. Children do not have unsupervised access to the kitchen.

We have a schedule for cleaning resources and equipment, dressing-up clothes and furnishings.

The toilet area has a high standard of hygiene, including hand washing and drying facilities and disposal facilities for nappies.

We implement good hygiene practices by:

cleaning tables between activities;

cleaning and checking toilets regularly;

wearing protective clothing - such as aprons and disposable gloves - as appropriate;

providing sets of clean clothes;

providing tissues and wipes;

Activities, resources and repairs

Before purchase, we check equipment and resources to ensure that they are safe for the ages and stages of the children currently attending the setting.

We keep a full inventory of all items in the setting for audit and insurance purposes.

The layout of our play equipment allows adults and children to move safely and freely between activities.

All our equipment is regularly checked for cleanliness and safety, and any dangerous items are repaired or discarded.

We make safe and separate from general use any areas that are unsafe because of repair is needed.

All our materials, including paint and glue, are non-toxic.

We ensure that sand is clean and suitable for children's play.

Physical play is constantly supervised.

We teach children to handle and store tools safely.

We check children who are sleeping regularly.

Children learn about health, safety and personal hygiene through the activities we provide and the routines we follow.

Any faulty equipment is removed from use and is repaired. If it cannot be repaired it is discarded. Large pieces of equipment are discarded only with [the consent of the manager and the management team/my consent].

Jewellery and accessories

Our staff do not wear jewellery or fashion accessories, such as belts or high heels, which may pose a danger to themselves or children.

Parents must ensure that any jewellery worn by children poses no danger; particularly earrings which may get pulled, bracelets which can get caught when climbing or necklaces that may pose a risk of strangulation.

We ensure that hair accessories are removed before children sleep or rest.

Safety of adults

We ensure that adults are provided with guidance about the safe storage, movement, lifting and erection of large pieces of equipment.

We provide safe equipment for adults to use when they need to reach up to store equipment or to change light bulbs.

We ensure that all warning signs are clear and in appropriate languages.

We ensure that adults do not remain in the building on their own.

We record the sickness of staff and their involvement in accidents. The records are reviewed termly to identify any issues that need to be addressed.

Control of substances hazardous to health

Our staff implement the current guidelines of the *Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH)*.

We keep a record of all substances that may be hazardous to health - such as cleaning chemicals, or gardening chemicals if used and where they are stored.

Hazardous substances are stored safely away from the children.

We carry out a risk assessment for all chemicals used in the setting. This states what the risks are and what to do if they have contact with eyes or skin or are ingested.

We keep all cleaning chemicals in their original containers.

We keep the chemicals used in the setting to the minimum in order to ensure health and hygiene is maintained.

We do not use:

bleach;

anti-bacterial soap/hand wash, unless specifically advised during an infection outbreak such as Pandemic flu; or

anti-bacterial cleaning agents, except in the toilets, nappy changing area and food preparation areas. Anti-bacterial sprays are not used when children are nearby.

Environmental factors are taken into account when purchasing, using and disposing of chemicals.

All members of staff are vigilant and use chemicals safely.

Members of staff wear protective gloves when using cleaning chemicals.

8.2 Maintaining children's safety and security on premises

Policy statement

We maintain the highest possible security of our premises to ensure that each child is safely cared for during their time with us.

Procedures

Children's personal safety

We ensure all employed staff have been checked for criminal records via an enhanced disclosure with

children's barred list check through the Disclosure and Barring Service.

Adults do not supervise children on their own.

All children are supervised by adults at all times.

Whenever children are on the premises at least two adults are present.

We carry out risk assessments to ensure children are not made vulnerable within any part of our premises, nor by any activity.

Systems are in place for the safe arrival and departure of children to include audio/video system and a security guard.

The times of the children's arrivals and departures are recorded.

The arrival and departure times of adults to include staff, volunteers and visitors - are recorded.

Our systems prevent unauthorised access to our premises.

Our systems prevent children from leaving our premises unnoticed.

We only allow access to visitors with prior appointments.

Our staff check the identity of any person who is not known before they enter the premises.

We keep front doors and gates locked shut at all times. Back doors are kept locked shut at all times where they may lead to a public or unsupervised area.

We have installed entry phones and CCTV

The personal possessions of staff and volunteers are securely stored during sessions.

Minimal petty cash is kept on the premises.

8.3 Supervision of children on outings and visits

Policy statement

Children benefit from being taken outside of the premises on visits or trips to local parks, or other suitable venues, for activities which enhance their learning experiences. Our setting has direct access to outdoor provision on the premises and also to the park outside of the premises. We ensure that there are procedures to keep children safe on outings; all staff and volunteers are aware of and follow the procedures as laid out below.

Procedures

We ask parents to sign a general consent on registration for their children to be taken out on local short outings as a part of the daily activities of the setting. This general consent details the venues used for daily activities, mainly to the park.

We assess the risks for each local venue used for daily activities, which is reviewed regularly.

We always ask parents to sign specific consent forms before major outings; and the risks are assessed before the outing takes place.

Any written outing risk assessments are made available for parents to see.

Our adult to child ratio is high, normally one adult to three or two children, depending on their age, sensibility and the type of venue, as well as how it is to be reached.

A minimum of two staff accompany children on outings. Unless the whole setting is on an outing, a minimum of two staff also remain behind with the rest of the children.

Named children are assigned to individual staff member to ensure that each child is well supervised, that no child goes astray and that there is no unauthorised access to children.

Parents who accompany us on outings are responsible for their own child only. Where parents have undergone vetting with us as volunteers, they may be included in the adults to child ratio and have children allocated to them.

Outings are recorded in an outings record book kept in the setting, stating:

The date and time of the outing.

The venue and mode of transport used.

The names of the staff members assigned to each of the children.

The time of return.

We take a mobile phone on outings, as well as supplies of tissues, wipes, spare clothing and nappies, medicines required for individual children, a mini first aid kit, snacks and water. The amount of equipment will vary and be consistent with the venue and the number of children, as well as how long they will be out for. We apply sun cream to children as needed and ensure they are dressed appropriately for the type of outing and weather conditions.

We take a list of children with us with contact numbers of parents/carers, as well as an accident book and a copy of our Missing Child Policy.

We provide children with Keren's Nursery vests to wear that contain the name and logo of the setting.

Records are kept of the vehicles used to transport children, with named drivers and appropriate insurance cover.

We ensure that seat belts are worn whilst travelling in vehicles and that booster seats and child safety seats are used as appropriate to the age of the child.

We ensure that contracted drivers are from reputable companies, do not have unsupervised access to the children and are not included in the ratios.

8.4 Risk assessment

Policy statement

We believe that the health and safety of children is of paramount importance. We make our setting a safe and healthy place for children, parents, staff and volunteers by assessing and minimising the hazards and risks to enable the children to thrive in a healthy and safe environment.

Risk assessment means:

Taking note of aspects of your workplace and activities that could cause harm, either to yourself or to others, and deciding what needs to be done to prevent that harm, making sure this is adhered to.

The law does not require that all risk is eliminated, but that 'reasonable precaution' is taken. This is particularly important when balancing the need for children to be able to take appropriate risks through physically challenging play. Children need the opportunity to work out what is not safe and what they should do when faced with a risk.

Health and safety risk assessments inform procedures. Staff and parents should be involved in reviewing risk assessments and procedures – they are the ones with first-hand knowledge as to whether the control measures are effective – and they can give an informed view to help update procedures accordingly.

This policy is based on the five steps below:

Identification of a risk: Where is it and what is it?

Who is at risk: Childcare staff, children, parents, cooks, cleaners etc?

Assessment as to whether the level of a risk is high, medium, low. This takes into account both the likelihood of it happening, as well as the possible impact if it did.

Control measures to reduce/eliminate risk: What will you need to do, or ensure others will do, in order to reduce that risk?

Monitoring and review: How do you know if what you have said is working, or is thorough enough? If it is not working, it will need to be amended, or maybe there is a better solution.

Procedures

The nursery manager undertakes training and ensures that staff and volunteers have adequate training in health and safety matters.

Our risk assessment process covers adults and children and includes:

determining where it is helpful to make some written risk assessments in relation to specific issues, to inform staff practice, and to demonstrate how we are managing risks if asked by parents and/or carers and inspectors;

checking for and noting hazards and risks indoors and outside, in relation to our premises and activities;

assessing the level of risk and who might be affected;

deciding which areas need attention; and

developing an action plan that specifies the action required, the time-scales for action, the person responsible for the action and any funding required.

The risk assessment is written and is reviewed regularly.

We maintain lists of health and safety issues, which are checked daily before the session begins, as well as those that are checked on a weekly and termly basis when a full risk assessment is carried out.

The nursery manager ensures that checks, such as electricity safety checks, and any necessary work to the setting premises are carried out annually and records are kept.

The nursery manager ensures that staff members carry out risk assessments that include relevant aspects of fire safety, food safety for all areas of the premises.

The nursery manager ensures that staff members carry out risk assessments for work practice including:

changing children;

preparation and serving of food/drink for children;

children with allergies;

cooking activities with children;

supervising outdoor play and indoor/outdoor climbing equipment;

putting babies or young children to sleep;

assessment, use and storage of equipment for disabled children;

the use and storage of substances which may be hazardous to health, such as cleaning chemicals;

visitors to the setting who are bring equipment or animals as part of children's learning experiences; and

following any incidents involving threats against staff or volunteers.

The nursery manager ensures that staff members carry out risk assessments for off-site activities if required, including:

children's outings;

forest schools;

home visits; and

other off-site duties such as attending meetings, banking etc.

8.5 Fire safety and emergency evacuation

Policy statement

We ensure our premises present no risk of fire by ensuring the highest possible standard of fire precautions. Our staff are familiar with the current legal requirements. Where necessary we seek the advice of a competent person, such as our Fire Officer or Fire Safety Consultant. A Fire Safety Log Book is used to record the findings of risk assessment, any actions taken or incidents that have occurred and our fire drills.

Procedures

Fire safety risk assessment

The basis of fire safety is risk assessment, carried out by a 'competent person'.

Natalia has received training in fire safety sufficient to be competent to carry out the risk assessment; this will follow the Government guidance Fire Safety Risk Assessment - Educational Premises (HMG 2006).

Our fire safety risk assessment focuses on the following for each area of the setting:

Electrical plugs, wires and sockets.

Electrical items.

Electrical boiler.

Cookers and ovens.

Matches.

Flammable materials – including furniture, furnishings, paper etc.

Flammable chemicals.

Means of escape.

Anything else identified.

Fire safety precautions taken

We ensure that fire doors are clearly marked, never obstructed and easily opened from the inside.

We ensure that smoke detectors/alarms and fire fighting appliances conform to BS EN standards, are fitted in appropriate high risk areas of the building and are checked as specified by the manufacturer.

We have all electrical equipment checked annually by a qualified electrician. Any faulty electrical equipment is taken out of use and either repaired or replaced.

We ensure sockets are covered. Our emergency evacuation procedures are approved by the Fire Safety Officer and are:

clearly displayed in the premises;

explained to new members of staff volunteers and parents; and

practised regularly, at least once every six weeks.

Records are kept of fire drills and of the servicing of fire safety equipment.

Emergency evacuation procedure

The evacuation procedure is suitable for our setting. It covers procedures for practice fire drills including:

How children are familiar with the sound of the fire alarm.

How the children, staff and parents know where the fire exits are.

How children are led from the building to the assembly point.

How children will be accounted for and who by.

How long it takes to get the children out safely.

Who calls the emergency services, and when, in the event of a real fire.

How parents are contacted.

Fire drills

We hold fire drills termly and record the following information about each fire drill in the Fire Safety Log Book:

The date and time of the drill.

Number of adults and children involved.

How long it took to evacuate.

Whether there were any problems that delayed evacuation.

Any further action taken to improve the drill procedure.

8.6 Animals in the setting

Policy statement

Children learn about the natural world, its animals and other living creatures, as part of the Learning and Development Requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage. This may include contact with animals, or other living creatures, either in the setting or on visits. We aim to ensure that this is in accordance with sensible hygiene and safety controls.

Procedures

Animals in the setting as pets

We take account of the views of parents and children when selecting an animal or creature to keep as a pet in the setting, as well as any allergies or issues that individual children may have any animals or creatures.

We carry out a risk assessment with a knowledgeable person accounting for any hygiene or safety risks posed by the animal or creature.

We provide suitable housing for the animal or creature and ensure this is cleaned out regularly and is kept safely.

Our staff are knowledgeable of the pet's welfare and dietary needs and ensure that the correct food is offered, at the right times.

We make arrangements for weekend and holiday care for the animal or creature.

We register with the local vet and take out appropriate pet care health insurance.

We make sure all vaccinations and other regular health measures, such as de-worming, are up-to-date and recorded.

We teach children the correct handling and care of the animal or creature and supervise them at all times.

We ensure that children wash their hands after handling the animal or creature and do not have contact with animal soil or soiled bedding.

We wear disposable gloves when cleaning housing or handling soiled bedding.

If animals or creatures are brought in by visitors to show the children, they are the responsibility of their owner.

The owner carries out a risk assessment, detailing how the animal or creature is to be handled and how any safety or hygiene issues will be addressed.

Visits to farms

Before a visit to a farm, we carry out a risk assessment - this may take account of safety factors listed in the farm's own risk assessment, which should be viewed.

We contact the venue in advance of the visit to ensure that there has been no recent outbreak of E.coli or other infections. If there has been an outbreak, we will review the visit and may decide to postpone it.

We follow our outings procedure.

Children wash and dry their hands thoroughly after contact with animals.

Outdoor footwear worn to visit farms is cleaned of mud and debris as soon as possible on departure and should not be worn indoors.

We advise staff and volunteers who are, or may be, pregnant to avoid contact with eyes and to consult their GP before the visit.

8.7 No-smoking

Policy statement

We comply with health and safety regulations and the Safeguarding and Welfare Requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage in making our setting a no-smoking environment - both indoors and outdoors.

Procedures

All staff, parents and volunteers are made aware of our No-smoking Policy.

No-smoking signs are displayed.

The No-smoking Policy is stated in information for parents.

We actively encourage no-smoking by having information for parents and staff about where to get help to stop smoking if they are seeking this information.

Staff who smoke do not do so during working hours, unless on a break and off the premises.

Staff who smoke during their break make every effort to reduce the effect of the odour and lingering effects of passive smoking for children and colleagues.

8.10. Keren's Nursery HOLLAND PARK Invacuation Procedure

The purpose of this procedure:

In the event of either an actual attack on the nursery or an imminent threat of an attack on the nursery following an early detection of this threat having immediately notified the police, this Invacuation Procedure must be followed to prevent and minimise the harm to any child, member of staff and any other lawful visitor to the nursery/synagogue until the arrival of the police forces.

This procedure, although in the physical premises of the synagogue, is for Keren's nursery's children, staff members and visitors. The synagogue will follow its own Invacuation Procedure.

Definitions:

Actual attack on the nursery/synagogue– A person or persons, either on foot or on a bike/bicycles, either carrying a weapon (knife or firearm) or not, having an intention to enter into the nursery or synagogue premises in order to harm its occupants and who are acting on that intention.

Imminent threat of an attack on the nursery/synagogue- A person or persons, either on foot or on a bike/bicycles, either carrying a weapon (knife or firearm) or not, who raise a serious suspicion that they are intending to attempt to enter into the nursery/synagogue premises in order to harm its occupants. An imminent threat will also include a confirmed attack on a neighbouring Jewish facility.

Early Detection of threat - Early detection of a possible attack on the nursery is key to minimise and prevent harm to the nursery occupants. We utilise the combination of two security guards and our CCTV systems to provide us with sufficient advance warning time to complete our invacuation procedure.

Immediately notifying the Police – Upon the detection of either an actual attack or an imminent threat of an attack on the nursery, the security guards AND any able member of the nursery staff must dial 999 then press the alarm panic buttons and inform the police of the attack or imminent attack on the nursery/Synagogue.

Invacuation – Vacating all the occupants of the nursery from the outdoor or common areas inwards into the nursery rooms and locking down the doors.

Lawful visitor at the nursery – Any person who in the normal course of the nursery day is present in the nursery at the time of an attack such as a parent, nanny, parent visitor etc.

Invacuation procedure starts when either a security guard or a member of staff or a member of the synagogue identifies an attack is either occurring or is imminent. That person must announce the word INVACUATION using both the two way radio and shouting. The person making the announcement and anyone hearing it will act as follows:

Security guards:

Guard number one:

Will make sure that any person standing outside the synagogue gate or black door, who is not the attacker, is taken indoors and lock the doors behind them;

Verify that 999 has been dialled, the panic buttons have been pressed and inform the police of the following: "Terror attack on Keren's Nursery Holland Park W11 4RB";
Will remain in the ground floor making sure the entrance to the hallway either the wooden black door or the glass fire doors are closed and cleared from people and will join Blue group making sure:

The room's door has been locked down using the lock;

That the room curtains have been pulled down;

That all children and staff are located in the far side of the room from the door.

Guard number two:

Will run upstairs and join the children and staff at the top nursery floor making sure that:

The first floor has been locked using the lock on the entrance door to the top floor;

Call The police on 999 stating "Keren's Nursery Holland Park is under attack our address is 8 St James's Gardens W11 4RB";

The panic button has been pressed;

That all curtains in the rooms have been lowered;

That all children and staff are lying on the floor in both Yellow and Red groups.

Nursery Manager and Deputy Manager:

The nursery manager AND the deputy are mutually responsible to do the following on hearing or declaring INVACUATION:

Call the police (999) stating "Keren's Nursery Holland Park is under attack our address is 8 St James's Gardens W11 4RB";

Make sure that the panic buttons have been pressed;

The nursery manager will remain in the ground floor and make sure the following is done in the following order:

That Blue and green group children and staff and any other lawful person are inside Blue group room; making sure that Blue group room leader scanned the Rabbi garden and toilets to make sure it is cleared from children or staff members;

That the door of Blue room has been locked using the key;

That all Blue room curtains have been lowered;

That all children and staff are lying on the floor of the furthest part of the room away from the entrance;

To call 999 again making sure the police are on their way;

That all children and staff members from Green and Blue groups have been accounted for using the register;

To contact the deputy manager, via telephone or two-way radio, and receive information about the safety of all children and staff at the top floor and that everyone is accounted for;

That a text was sent to all parents, informing them of the event and that the children are locked safe in the nursery rooms;

The nursery deputy manager will run upstairs to the top floor of the nursery and make sure:

That the entrance door leading to the top floor nursery rooms has been locked;

That Red and Yellow group children and staff and any other lawful person are inside Red and Yellow nursery rooms (including office staff); making sure that Red group room leader scanned the hall area and the toilets to make sure it is cleared from children or staff members;

That all children and staff are lying on the floor in both Red and Yellow group rooms;

That all curtains have been lowered in the Red and Yellow rooms;

That all children and staff members of the top floor nursery rooms have been accounted for using the register;

To call 999 again making sure that the police are one their way.

To contact the nursery manager, via phone or two-way radio, and inform her about the safety of the children and staff on the top floor and that everybody is accounted for;

That a text was sent to all parents, informing them of the event and that the children are locked safe in the nursery rooms;

The invacuation procedure will only come to an end when both the nursery manager and the nursery deputy manager have satisfied themselves that the attack has ended and only when it is clear that the police have secured the nursery building. At that point only they can allow the staff and children to open the nursery rooms to allow the police inside.

Once it is clear that the event has ended all parents will be contacted to arrive and collect their children immediately.

An Evacuation procedure drill must be performed at least once a month. ADT must be contacted to place the alarm on test prior to the drill so that the children and staff can hear and distinguish between the sound of the fire alarm and that of the intruder alarm.

This procedure will be reviewed annually or sooner if the need arises.

9.0 Equal Opportunities

9.1 Valuing diversity and promoting equality

Policy statement

We will ensure that our service is fully inclusive in meeting the needs of all children. We recognise that children and their families come from diverse backgrounds. All families have needs and values that arise from their individual, social, economic, ethnic, cultural or religious backgrounds and situations.

Children grow up in diverse family structures that include two parent and one parent families; some children have two parents of the same sex. Some children have close links with extended families of grandparents, aunts, uncles and cousins; while others may be more removed from close kin, or may live with other relatives or foster carers. Some children have needs that arise from a disability, or may have parents that are affected by disability. Some children come from families who experience social exclusion or severe hardship; some have to face discrimination and prejudice because of their ethnicity, the languages they speak, their religious or belief background, their gender or their impairment.

We understand that these factors affect the well-being of children and can impact on their learning and attainment. We are committed to anti-discriminatory practice to promote equality of opportunity and valuing diversity for all children and families. We aim to:

- provide a secure and accessible environment in which all children can flourish and in which all contributions are considered and valued;
- include and value the contribution of all families to our understanding of equality and diversity;
- provide positive non-stereotyping information about gender roles, diverse family structures, diverse socio-economic, ethnic and cultural groups and disabled people;
- improve our knowledge and understanding of issues of anti-discriminatory practice, promoting equality and valuing diversity;
- challenge and eliminate discriminatory actions;
- make inclusion a thread that runs through all of the activities of the setting; and
- foster good relations between all communities.

Procedures

Admissions

Our setting is open and accessible to all members of the community.

We advertise our service widely.

We reflect the diversity of our society in our publicity and promotional materials.

We provide information in clear, concise language, whether in spoken or written form.

We provide information in other languages (where ever possible).

We base our Admissions Policy on a fair system.

We ensure that all parents are made aware of our Valuing Diversity and Promoting Equality Policy.

We do not discriminate against a child or their family, or prevent entry to our setting, on the basis of a protected characteristic as defined by the Equalities Act (2010). These are:

disability;

race;

gender reassignment;

religion or belief;

sex;

sexual orientation;

age;

pregnancy and maternity; and

marriage and civil partnership.

We do not discriminate against a child with a disability or refuse a child entry to our setting for reasons relating to their disability.

We ensure, wherever possible, that we have a balanced intake of boys and girls in the setting.

We make adjustments to ensure that disabled children can participate successfully in the services offered by the setting and in the curriculum offered.

We take action against any discriminatory behaviour by our staff, volunteers or parents whether by:

direct discrimination – someone is treated less favourably because of a protected characteristic e.g. preventing families of some racial groups from using the service;

indirect discrimination - someone is affected unfavourably by a general policy e.g. children must only speak English in the setting;

association – discriminating against someone who is associated with a person with a protected characteristic e.g. behaving unfavourably to someone who is married to a person from a different cultural background; or

perception – discrimination on the basis that it is thought someone has a protected characteristic e.g. making assumptions about someone's sexual orientation because of their mannerisms or how they speak.

Displaying of openly discriminatory and possibly offensive materials, name calling, or threatening behaviour are unacceptable on, or around, our premises and will be dealt with immediately and discreetly by asking the adult to stop using the unacceptable behaviour

and inviting them to read and to act in accordance with the relevant policy statement and procedure. Failure to comply may lead to the adult being excluded from the premises.

Employment

We advertise posts and all applicants are judged against explicit and fair criteria.

Applicants are welcome from all backgrounds and posts are open to all.

We may use the exemption clauses in relevant legislation to enable the service to best meet the needs of the community.

The applicant who best meets the criteria is offered the post, subject to references and suitability checks. This ensures fairness in the selection process.

All our job descriptions include a commitment to promoting equality, and recognising and respecting diversity as part of their specifications.

We monitor our application process to ensure that it is fair and accessible.

Training

We seek out training opportunities for our staff and volunteers to enable them to develop anti-discriminatory and inclusive practices, which enable all children to flourish.

We ensure that our staff confident and fully trained in administering relevant medicines and performing invasive care procedures when these are required.

We review our practices to ensure that we are fully implementing our policy for Valuing Diversity and Promoting Equality.

Curriculum

The curriculum offered in our setting encourages children to develop positive attitudes about themselves as well as people who are different from themselves. It encourages children to empathise with others and to begin to develop the skills of critical thinking.

Our environment is as accessible as possible for all visitors and service users. If access to the setting is found to treat disabled children or adults less favourably, then we make reasonable adjustments to accommodate the needs of disabled children and adults. We do this by:

making children feel valued and good about themselves and others;

ensuring that children have equality of access to learning;

undertaking an access audit to establish if the setting is accessible to all disabled children and adults;

making adjustments to the environment and resources to accommodate a wide range of learning, physical and sensory impairments;

making appropriate provision within the curriculum to ensure each child receives the widest possible opportunity to develop their skills and abilities, e.g. recognising the different learning styles of girls and boys;

positively reflecting the widest possible range of communities in the choice of resources;

avoiding stereotypes or derogatory images in the selection of books or other visual materials;

celebrating locally observed festivals;

creating an environment of mutual respect and tolerance;

differentiating the curriculum to meet children's special educational needs;

helping children to understand that discriminatory behaviour and remarks are hurtful and unacceptable;

ensuring that the curriculum offered is inclusive of children with special educational needs and disabled children;

ensuring that children learning English as an additional language have full access to the curriculum and are supported in their learning; and

ensuring that children speaking languages other than English are supported in the maintenance and development of their home languages.

Valuing diversity in families

We welcome the diversity of family lifestyles and work with all families.

We encourage children to contribute stories of their everyday life to the setting.

We encourage mothers, fathers and other carers to take part in the life of the setting and to contribute fully.

For families who speak languages in addition to English, we will develop means to encourage their full inclusion.

We offer a flexible payment system for families experiencing financial difficulties and offer information regarding sources of financial support.

We take positive action to encourage disadvantaged and under-represented groups to use the setting.

Food

We work in partnership with parents to ensure that dietary requirements of children that arise from their medical, religious or cultural needs are met where ever possible.

We help children to learn about a range of food, and of cultural approaches to mealtimes and eating, and to respect the differences among them.

Meetings

Meetings are arranged to ensure that all families who wish to may be involved in the running of the setting.

We positively encourage fathers to be involved in the setting, especially those fathers who do not live with the child.

Information about meetings is communicated in a variety of ways - written, verbal and where resources allow in translation – to ensure that all mothers and fathers have information about, and access to, the meetings.

Monitoring and reviewing

So that our policies and procedures remain effective, we monitor and review them annually to ensure our strategies meet our overall aims to promote equality, inclusion and to value diversity.

We provide a complaints procedure and a complaints summary record for parents to see.

9.2 Supporting children with special educational needs

Policy statement

We provide an environment in which all children with special educational needs (SEN) are supported to reach their full potential.

We have regard for the Special Educational Needs and Disability Code of Practice (2014).

We ensure our provision is inclusive to all children with special educational needs.

We support parents and children with special educational needs.

We identify the specific needs of children with special educational needs at the earliest opportunity and meet those needs through a range of SEN strategies.

We work in partnership with parents and other agencies in meeting individual children's needs.

We monitor and review our policy, practice and provision and, if necessary, make adjustments.

Procedure

We designate a member of staff to be the Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENCO) and give her name to parents. Our SENCO is: Jacky Skott.

The SENCO works closely with colleagues and has responsibility for the day-to-day operation of our Supporting Children with Special Educational Needs Policy and for co-ordinating provision for children with SEN.

We ensure that the provision for children with special educational needs is the responsibility of all members of the setting.

We ensure that our inclusive admissions practice ensures equality of access and opportunity.

We use the graduated approach system for identifying, assessing and responding to children's special educational needs.

We work closely with the parents of children with special educational needs to create and maintain a positive partnership.

We ensure that parents are informed at all stages of the assessment, planning, provision and review of their children's education.

We provide parents with information on sources of independent advice and support.

We liaise with other professionals involved with children with special educational needs and their families, including in connection with transfer arrangements to other settings and schools.

We provide a broad, balanced and differentiated curriculum for all children with special educational needs.

We use a system of planning, implementing, monitoring, evaluating and reviewing action plans for children with special educational needs.

We ensure that children with special educational needs are appropriately involved in the graduated approach, taking into account their levels of ability.

We have systems in place for supporting children based on a continuous cycle of 'assess, plan, do and review', which is applied in increasing detail and frequency to ensure that children progress.

We have systems in place for working with other agencies through each stage of the Common Assessment Framework (CAF) or local alternatives, for example, SEND Local Offer via <https://www.rbkc.gov.uk/children-and-education/schools/support/special-education-needs>

We use a system for keeping records of the 'assess, plan, do and review' for children with special educational needs.

We provide resources to implement our Supporting Children with Special Educational Needs Policy.

We ensure that all our staff are aware of our Supporting Children with Special Educational Needs Policy and the procedures for identifying, assessing and making provision for children with SEN. We provide in-service training for practitioners and volunteers. We raise awareness of any specialism the setting has to offer, e.g. Makaton trained staff. We ensure the effectiveness of our special educational needs provision by collecting information from a range of sources e.g. action plan reviews, staff and management meetings, parental and external agency's views, inspections and complaints. This information is collated, evaluated and reviewed annually. We provide a complaints procedure. We monitor and review our policy annually.

9.5 Arrival and Departure Policy and Procedure

Policy statement

Keren's nursery has a policy which governs the arrival and departure of staff and parents into and out of the nursery premises.

Arrivals & Departures

It is the policy of the nursery to give a warm welcome to all children and parents on their arrival to the nursery.

There is one entrance into the Nursery premises. The entrance is via 2 metal gates with magnetic locks creating an air lock security area. The magnetic locks can be opened by either the security guards positioned by the gate or can be released from inside the Nursery classrooms or office. The entrance route is covered by CCTV. When parents ring the bell, it allows the staff members to identify the visitors prior to opening the gate or door.

We have 2 security guards on the premises during children's attending hours. The security guards are checking the building and the surroundings looking out for unauthorised access, suspicious artefacts, damage, theft and other harm. Only permanent members of staff that have completed all relevant checks and have completed a six month probation period are permitted to enter the Nursery independently using the keys and alarm fob.

Unauthorized persons are not permitted to open the gate or door to anyone at any time. Anyone found doing this would be in breach of this policy.

All visitors must sign in and identify the purpose of their visit before entering the nursery premises.

Section 1

Arrival procedure

All children are to be brought into the rooms by the carer who is responsible for them upon arrival (Parent or guardian).

The carer dropping off the child must make the room staff aware of their arrival.

The carer dropping off the child should place the child's belonging in the child's peg and basket where relevant.

Both the carer dropping off the child and the staff member will then exchange relevant information. This information will be used to assess the child's day at the nursery.

The information exchanged will include the following:

An overview of the child since their last attendance at the nursery.

What the child has eaten before arriving to nursery that morning.

Is the child in good health? If not what are the symptoms? Is the child well enough to attend?

Who will be collecting the child at the end of the day if other than the carer?

Has the child received any medication in the past 12 hours? If yes what and why?

Is the nursery required to administer any medicine to the child? Is the medicine properly labelled with instructions about the dose and timings of administering the medicine?

The staff member must ensure that the carer completes and signs the medicine consent form (staff should follow administration of medicine policy).

The arrival and departure time of each child will be recorded on the registers.

Any specific information provided by the parents should be recorded and passed onto the relevant member of staff/ key worker.

If a child has an existing injury, bruise, bump etc., carers have a responsibility of informing staff of this when dropping the child off and should fill and sign our Home accident form with an explanation of how the injury occurred.

Section 2

Departure procedure

The picking up of children from the nursery procedure is in principal the same as for dropping off set out above in section 1.

After granting access to a parent or visitor, members of staff are then responsible for ensuring that appropriate access to children is managed and supervised.

Parents must arrive in good time to ensure a pleasant collection of their child before the nursery session ends. Parents arriving late will incur a late collection fee of £14.00 for the first hour or any part of an hour and a fee of £14 for any additional hours or part of it.

During pick up, parents will be given feedback about their child's time spent within nursery and the children will be signed out on the registers by the member of staff in charge.

As part of the Registration process of new children, parents must provide the nursery with details of persons other than themselves who they authorise to collect their child. Typically, two named persons are given authority by the parent/carer and full contact details are required in cases of emergency.

Children will only be released from the care of the Nursery to their parents/carers or to named individuals as recorded on the child's Registration Form.

In the event of a child being collected by a person other than his/her parents/carer or an authorised named person the following will apply:

The parent/carer will inform the nursery without delay that they will not be able to collect their child and provide information of the person they authorise to collect the child.

To help check the identity of the person collecting the child, the Manager or person in charge will agree with the parent/carer a unique password set between the parent/carer, the person collecting the child and the nursery. The password must be provided to the relevant member of staff before they can hand over the child into the care of the collecting person.

The parent/carer must ensure that a *suitable person will collect their child in their absence*. The suitable person must be over 18yrs old and be capable of caring for the child in the absence of the child's parent/carer.

If the Nursery is unable to identify the person with the details provided by the parent/carer, unfortunately the Nursery will not be able to release the child from its care.

Uncollected children

If it is impossible to contact anyone regarding the safe collection of the child, the emergency services and the Children's Social care team will be contacted. The manager or person in charge will remain with the child until such time as they are settled into the care of the local authority.

Multi-agency Safeguarding Hub, or;

Out of hour's duty officer - Emergency Social Work Service

All staff should be aware that some children are not allowed to come into contact with members of their own family (a court order for example or if the parent doesn't have Parental Responsibility).

In such circumstances a record is kept of each child and the names of those family members with whom the child is not allowed contact.

If one of these family members should call at the nursery they must not be granted access and the manager or person in charge must deal with the situation and ensure that no contact is permitted.

The child's primary carer must be informed of the incident immediately thereafter.

Parents/ carers or authorised people may be asked to wait outside the nursery door if a member of staff hasn't met one of them before or doesn't recognize them. They may need to seek advice from senior staff members.

Staff Arrival and Departure

All staff members enter the nursery premises in the same way as the children.

Full members of staff who possess a minimum of NVQ 3 childcare qualification AND that have a clear DBS AND have completed their three months' probation period, may have access to the nursery keys and alarm fob and will have the authority to open and lock the nursery.

All members of staff are being signed in and out by the nursery Manager or Deputy Manager on their arrival and departure.

Staff members who are new or volunteering are not allowed to open the nursery doors for parents or other visitors until they have been authorised to do so by a full member of staff who has identified the parent or visitor.

10 Information and Records

10.1 Keren's Nursery Prospectus

Setting name Keren's Nursery
Address: 8 St. James's Gardens
 London
 W11 4RB

Tel No. 020 3457 8020

Email hollandpark@kerensnursery.co

: m

Welcome to Keren's Nursery and thank you for registering your child with us.

We know how important your child is and aim to deliver the highest quality of care and education to help them to achieve their best.

This prospectus aims to provide you with an introduction to Keren's Nursery, our routines, our approach to supporting your child's learning and development and how we aim to work together with you to best meet your child's individual needs. This should be read alongside our Policies and nursery agreement for a full description of our services.

Our setting aims to:

Provide high quality care and education for children below statutory school age;
Work in partnership with parents to help children to learn and develop;
Add to the life and well-being of the local community; and
Offer children and their parents a service that promotes equality and values diversity.

Parents

Parents are regarded as members of our setting who have full participatory rights. These include a right to be:
valued and respected;
kept informed;
consulted;
involved; and
Included at all levels.

Children's development and learning

We aim to ensure that each child:
is in a safe and stimulating environment;
is given generous care and attention, because of our ratio of qualified staff to children, as well as volunteer parent helpers;

has the chance to join with other children and adults to live, play, work and learn together;
is helped to take forward her/his learning and development by being helped to build on what she/he already knows and can do;
has a personal key person who makes sure each child makes satisfying progress;
is in a setting that sees parents as partners in helping each child to learn and develop; and
is in a setting in which parents help to shape the service it offers.

The Early Years Foundation Stage

Provision for the development and learning of children from birth to 5 years is guided by the Early Years Foundation Stage. Our provision reflects the four overarching principles of the *Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage* (DfE 2017):

A Unique Child

Every child is a unique child who is constantly learning and can be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured.

Positive Relationships

Children learn to be strong and independent through positive relationships.

Enabling Environments

Children learn and develop well in enabling environments, in which their experiences respond to their individual needs and there is a strong partnership between practitioners, parents and carers.

Learning and Development

Children develop and learn in different ways and at different rates. The framework covers the education and care of all children in early years provision including children with special educational needs and disabilities.

How we provide for development and learning

Children start to learn about the world around them from the moment they are born. The care and education offered by our setting helps children to continue to do this by providing

all of the children with interesting activities that are appropriate for their age and stage of development.

The Areas of Development and Learning comprise:

Prime Areas

Personal, social and emotional development.

Physical development.

Communication and language.

Specific Areas

Literacy.

Mathematics.

Understanding the world.

Expressive arts and design.

For each area, the level of progress that children are expected to have attained by the end of the Early Years Foundation Stage is defined by the Early Learning Goals. These goals state what it is expected that children will know, and be able to do, by the end of the reception year of their education.

The *Early Years Outcomes* (DfE 2013) guidance sets out the likely stages of progress a child makes along their progress towards the Early Learning Goals. Our setting has regard to these when we assess children and plan for their learning. Our programme supports children to develop the knowledge, skills and understanding they need for:

Personal, social and emotional development

making relationships;

self-confidence and self-awareness; and

managing feelings and behaviour.

Physical development

moving and handling; and

health and self-care.

Communication and language

listening and attention;
understanding; and
Speaking.

Literacy

reading; and
writing.

Mathematics

numbers; and
shape, space and measure.

Understanding the world

people and communities;
the world; and
technology.

Expressive arts and design

exploring and using media and materials; and
being imaginative.

Our approach to learning and development and assessment

Learning through play

Being active and playing supports young children's learning and development through doing and talking. This is how children learn to think about and understand the world around them. We use the EYFS statutory guidance on education programmes to plan and provide opportunities which will help children to make progress in all areas of learning. This programme is made up of a mixture of activities that children plan and organise for themselves and activities planned and led by practitioners.

Characteristics of effective learning

We understand that all children engage with other people and their environment through the characteristics of effective learning that are described in the Early Years Foundation Stage as:

playing and exploring - engagement;

active learning - motivation; and
creating and thinking critically - thinking.

We aim to provide for the characteristics of effective learning by observing how a child is learning and being clear about what we can do and provide in order to support each child to remain an effective and motivated learner.

Assessment

We assess how young children are learning and developing by observing them frequently. We use information that we gain from observations, as well as from photographs or videos of the children, to document their progress and where this may be leading them. We believe that parents know their children best and we ask them to contribute to assessment by sharing information about what their children like to do at home and how they as parents are supporting development.

We make periodic assessment summaries of children's achievement based on our ongoing development records. These form part of children's records of achievement. We undertake these assessment summaries at regular intervals as well as times of transition, such as when a child moves into a different group or when they go on to school.

The progress check at age two

The Early Years Foundation Stage requires that we supply parents and carers with a short written summary of their child's development in the three prime areas of learning and development - personal, social and emotional development; physical development; and communication and language - when a child is aged between 24 - 36 months. Your child's key person is responsible for completing the check using information from on-going observational assessments carried out as part of our everyday practice, taking account of the views and contributions of parents and other professionals.

Records of achievement

We keep a record of achievement for each child. Your child's record of achievement helps us to celebrate together her/his achievements and to work together to provide what your child needs for her/his well-being and to make progress.

Your child's key person will work with you to keep this record. To do this you and she/he will collect information about your child's needs, activities, interests and achievements. This information will enable the key person to identify your child's stage of progress. You and the key person will then decide on how to help your child to move on to the next stage.

Working together for your children

In our setting we maintain the ratio of adults to children in the setting that is set through the Welfare Requirements. We also have volunteer parent helpers where possible to complement these ratios. This helps us to:

give time and attention to each child;

talk with the children about their interests and activities;

help children to experience and benefit from the activities we provide; and

allow the children to explore and be adventurous in safety.

Our Service

We are open for approximately 44 weeks each year depending on Jewish Holidays.

We are open for 5 days each week. Mon – Thu 8am – 6pm and Fri 8am – 12:30 (1st October to 31st March) and 2 pm (1st April to 30th September).

We provide care and education for young children between the ages of 10 months and 5 years.

How parents take part in the setting

Our setting recognises parents as the first and most important educators of their children. All of the staff see themselves as partners with parents in providing care and education for their child. There are many ways in which parents take part in making the setting a welcoming and stimulating place for children and parents, such as:

exchanging knowledge about their children's needs, activities, interests and progress with the staff;

contributing to the progress check at age two;

helping at sessions of the setting;
sharing their own special interests with the children;
helping to provide, make and look after the equipment and materials used in the children's play activities;
taking part in events and informal discussions about the activities and curriculum provided by the setting;
joining in community activities, in which the setting takes part; and
building friendships with other parents in the setting.

The parents' rota

The setting has a dated rota which parents can sign if they would like to help at a particular session or sessions of the setting. Helping at the session enables parents to see what the day-to-day life of the setting is like and to join in helping the children to get the best out of their activities.

Joining in

Joining the rota is not the only means of taking part in the life of the setting. Parents can offer to take part in a session by sharing their own interests and skills with the children. Parents have visited the setting to play the clarinet for the children, show pictures of the local carnival held in their neighbourhood, and show the children their collection of shells. We welcome parents to drop into the setting to see it at work or to speak with the staff.

Key persons and your child

Our setting uses a key person approach. This means that each member of staff has a group of children for whom she/he is particularly responsible. Your child's key person will be the person who works with you to make sure that what we provide is right for your child's particular needs and interests. When your child first starts at the setting, she/he will help your child to settle and throughout your child's time at the setting, she/he will help your child to benefit from the setting's activities.

Learning opportunities for adults

As well as gaining childcare qualifications, our staff take part in further training to help them to keep up-to date with thinking about early years care and education. We also keep up-to-date with best practice, as a member of the Pre-school Learning Alliance, through *Under 5* magazine and other publications produced by the Alliance. The current copy of *Under 5* is available for you to read. From time to time we hold learning events for parents. These usually look at how adults can help children to learn and develop in their early years.

The setting's timetable and routines

Our setting believes that care and education are equally important in the experience which we offer children. The routines and activities that make up the day in the setting are provided in ways that:

help each child to feel that she/he is a valued member of the setting;

ensure the safety of each child;

help children to gain from the social experience of being part of a group; and

provide children with opportunities to learn and help them to value learning.

The day

The setting organises the day so that children can take part in a variety of child-chosen and adult-led activities. These take account of children's changing energy levels throughout the day. The setting caters for children's individual needs for rest and quiet activities during the day. Outdoor activities contribute to children's health, their physical development and their knowledge of the world around them.

Meals

The setting makes meals a social time at which children and adults eat together. We plan the menus for meals so that they provide the children with healthy and nutritious food. Do tell us about your child's dietary needs (including allergies) and we will make sure that these are met.

Policies

Copies of the setting's policies and procedures are available for you to see at the setting.

The setting's policies help us to make sure that the service provided by the setting is a high quality one and that being a member of the setting is an enjoyable and beneficial experience for each child and her/his parents.

The staff and parents of the setting work together to adopt the policies and they all have the opportunity to take part in the annual review of the policies. This review helps us to make sure that the policies are enabling the setting to provide a quality service for its members and the local community.

Safeguarding children

Our setting has a duty under the law to help safeguard children against suspected or actual 'significant harm'.

Our employment practices ensure children against the likelihood of abuse in our settings and we have a procedure for managing complaints or allegations against a member of staff.

Our way of working with children and their parents ensures we are aware of any problems that may emerge and can offer support, including referral to appropriate agencies when necessary, to help families in difficulty.

Special needs

As part of the setting's policy to make sure that its provision meets the needs of each individual child, we take account of any special needs a child may have. The setting works to the requirements of the 1993 Education Act and The Special Educational Needs Code of Practice (2001).

Our Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator Jacky Scott
is

The management team of our setting

The setting is managed by	Natalia Moldoveanu
Managing the Nursery Finances	Assaf Ben Ezra

The management team is also responsible for employing and managing all staff members, making sure that all are working in accordance to policies and regulation that help us to improve and provide a high quality service.

Fees

The basic monthly fees (based on 9am-3pm day) are £1875 (2023/2024) payable monthly in advance. Fees must still be paid if children are absent for reasons of illness or family holidays. For your child to keep her/his place at the setting, you must pay the fees. We are in receipt of nursery education funding for three and four year olds; fees will apply for the difference.

Starting at our setting

The first days

We want your child to feel happy and safe with us. To make sure that this is the case, the staff will work with you to decide on how to help your child to settle into the setting. The setting has a policy about helping children to settle into the setting: a copy is available from our policies folder.

We hope that you and your child enjoy being members of our setting and that you both find taking part in our activities interesting and stimulating. The staff are always ready and willing to talk with you about your ideas, views or questions.

10.2 Admissions

Policy statement

It is our intention to make our setting accessible to children and families from all sections of the local community. We aim to ensure that all sections of our community have access to the setting through open, fair and clearly communicated procedures.

Procedures

We ensure that the existence of our setting is widely advertised in places accessible to all sections of the community.

We ensure that information about our setting is accessible, using simple plain English, in written and spoken form and in other formats on request.

Our waiting list is organised according to the following criteria:

Does the child have a sibling who is attending the nursery?

Are the family members of the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue?

Is the child transferring from another Keren's nursery setting?

The time the cleared deposit funds and registration form reached us;

The capacity of the setting to meet the individual needs of the child.

Our setting and its practices are welcoming and make it clear that fathers, mothers, other relations and carers are all welcome.

Our setting and its practices operate in a way that encourages positive regard for and understanding of difference and ability - whether gender, family structure, class, background, religion, ethnicity or competence in spoken English.

We support children and/or parents with disabilities to take full part in all activities within our setting.

We share and widely promote our Valuing Diversity and Promoting Equality Policy.

We consult with families about the opening times of our setting to ensure that we accommodate a broad range of families' needs.

Failure to comply with the nursery policies, terms and conditions may ultimately result in the provision of a place being withdrawn.

In order to be included into our waiting list or confirmed list of children all applicants must provide the following:

Fill a registration form;

Pay a deposit equal to the child's one months' fees;

Sign a deposit terms & conditions reservation/waiting list form;

Once a place has been confirmed to a child, parents must also sign our nursery agreement.

10.4 Parental involvement

Policy statement

We believe that children benefit most from early years education and care when parents and settings work together in partnership.

Our aim is to support parents as their children's first and most important educators by involving them in their children's education and in the full life of our setting. We also aim to support parents in their own continuing education and personal development.

Some parents are less well represented in early years settings; these include fathers, parents who live apart from their children, but who still play a part in their lives, as well as working parents. In carrying out the following procedures, we will ensure that all parents are included.

When we refer to 'parents', we mean both mothers and fathers; these include both natural or birth parents, as well as step-parents and parents who do not live with their children, but have contact with them and play a part in their lives. 'Parents' also includes same sex parents, as well as foster parents.

The Children Act (1989) defines parental responsibility as 'all the rights, duties, powers, responsibilities and authority which by law a parent of a child has in relation to the child and his property'.

Procedures

Parents are made to feel welcome in our setting; they are greeted appropriately, there is adult seating and provision for refreshment.

We have a means to ensure all parents are included - that may mean that we have different strategies for involving fathers, or parents who work or live apart from their children.

We make every effort to accommodate parents who have a disability or impairment.

We consult with all parents to find out what works best for them.

We ensure on-going dialogue with parents to improve our knowledge of the needs of their children and to support their families.

We inform all parents about how the setting is run and its policies, through access to written information and through regular informal communication. We check to ensure parents understand the information that is given to them.

Information about a child and his or her family is kept confidential within our setting. The exception to this is where there is cause to believe that a child may be suffering, or is likely to suffer, significant harm, or where there are concerns regarding child's development that need to be shared with another agency. We will seek parental

permission unless there are reasons not to in order to protect the safety of the child.

Reference is made to our Information Sharing Policy on seeking consent for disclosure.

We seek parental consent to administer medication, take a child for emergency treatment, take a child on an outing and take photographs for the purposes of record keeping.

The expectations that we make on parents are made clear at the point of registration.

We make clear our expectation that parents will participate in settling their child at the commencement of a place according to an agreed plan.

We seek parents' views regarding changes in the delivery of our service.

Parents are actively encouraged to participate in decision making processes according to the structure in place within our setting.

We encourage parents to become involved in the social and cultural life of the setting and actively contribute to it.

As far as possible our service is provided in a flexible way to meet the needs of parents without compromising the needs of children.

We provide sufficient opportunity for parents to share necessary information with staff and this is recorded and stored to protect confidentiality.

Our key persons meet regularly with parents to discuss their child's progress and to share concerns if they arise.

Where applicable, our key persons work with parents to carry out an agreed plan to support special educational needs.

Where applicable, our key persons work with parents to carry out any agreed tasks where a Protection Plan is in place for a child.

We involve parents in the shared record keeping about their children - either formally or informally – and ensure parents have access to their children's written developmental records.

We provide opportunities for parents to contribute their own skills, knowledge and interests to the activities of the setting.

We support families to be involved in activities that promote their own learning and well-being; informing parents about relevant conferences, workshops and training.

We consult with parents about the times of meetings to avoid excluding anyone.

We provide information about opportunities to be involved in the setting in ways that are accessible to parents with basic skills needs, or those for whom English is an additional language; making every effort to provide an interpreter for parents who speak a language other than English and to provide translated written materials.

We welcome the contributions of parents, in whatever form these may take.

We inform all parents of the systems for registering queries, complaints or suggestions and we check to ensure these are understood. All parents have access to our written complaints procedure.

We provide opportunities for parents to learn about the curriculum offered in the setting and about young children's learning, in the setting and at home. There are opportunities for parents to take active roles in supporting their child's learning in the setting: informally through helping out or taking part in activities with their child, or through structured projects engaging parents and staff in learning about children's learning.

In compliance with the Safeguarding and Welfare Requirements, the following documentation is also in place at our setting:

Admissions Policy.

Complaints procedure.

Record of complaints.

Developmental records of children.

10.5 Children's records

Policy statement

We have record keeping systems in place that meet legal requirements; the means we use to store and share that information takes place within the framework of the Data Protection Act (1998) and the Human Rights Act (1998).

This policy and procedure should be read alongside our Confidentiality and Client Access to Records Policy and our Information Sharing Policy.

Procedures

If a child attends another setting, we establish a regular two-way flow of appropriate information with parents and other providers. Where appropriate, we will incorporate comments from other providers, as well as parents and/or carers into the child's records.

We keep two kinds of records on children attending our setting:

Developmental records

These include observations of children in the setting, photographs, video clips and samples of their work and summary developmental reports.

These are usually kept in [state location] and can be accessed, and contributed to, by our staff, the child and the child's parents.

Personal records

These may include the following (as applicable):

Personal details – including the child's registration form and any consent forms.

Contractual matters – including a copy of the signed parent contract, the child's days and times of attendance, a record of the child's fees, any fee reminders or records of disputes about fees.

Child's development, health and well-being – including a summary only of the child's EYFS profile report, a record of discussions about every day matters about the child's development health and well-being with the parent.

Early Support – including any additional focussed intervention provided by our setting (e.g. support for behaviour, language or development that needs an Individual Education Plan) and records of any meetings held.

Welfare and child protection concerns – including records of all welfare and protection concerns, and our resulting action, meetings and telephone conversations about the child, a Statement of Special Educational Need and any information regarding a Looked After Child.

Correspondence and Reports – including a copy of the child's 2-Year-Old Progress Check (as applicable), all letters and emails to and from other agencies and any confidential reports from other agencies.

These confidential records are stored in a lockable file or cabinet, which is always locked when not in use and which the nursery manager keeps secure in an office or other suitably safe place.

We read any correspondence in relation to a child, note any actions and file it immediately. We ensure that access to children's files is restricted to those authorised to see them and make entries in them, this being the nursery manager or deputy who is the designated person for child protection, the child's key person, or other staff as authorised by the nursery manager.

We may be required to hand children's personal files to Ofsted as part of an inspection or investigation process; or to local authority staff conducting a S11 audit, as long as authorisation is seen. We ensure that children's personal files are not handed over to anyone else to look at.

Parents have access, in accordance with our Client Access to Records Policy, to the files and records of their own children, but do not have access to information about any other child.

Our staff will not discuss personal information given by parents with other members of staff, except where it affects planning for the child's needs. Our staff induction programme includes an awareness of the importance of confidentiality in the role of the key person.

We retain children's records for three years after they have left the setting; except records that relate to an accident or child protection matter, which are kept until a child reaches the age of 21 years or 24 years respectively. These are kept in a secure place.

Archiving children's files

When a child leaves our setting, we remove all paper documents from the child's personal file and place them in a robust envelope, with the child's name and date of birth on the front and the date they left.

We seal this and place it in an archive box, stored in a safe place (i.e. a locked cabinet) for three years. After three years it is destroyed.

Where there were s.47 child protection investigations, we mark the envelope with a star and archive it for 25 years.

We store financial information according to our finance procedures.

Other records

We keep a daily record of the names of the children we are caring for, their hours of attendance and the names of their key person.

Students on Pre-school Learning Alliance or other recognised qualifications and training, when they are observing in the setting, are advised of our Confidentiality and Client Access to Records Policy and are required to respect it.

10.6 Provider records

Policy statement

We keep records and documentation for the purpose of maintaining our business.

These include:

Records pertaining to our registration.

Lease documents and other contractual documentation pertaining to amenities, services and goods.

Financial records pertaining to income and expenditure.

Risk assessments.

Employment records of our staff including their name, home address and telephone number.

Names, addresses and telephone numbers of anyone else who is regularly in unsupervised contact with the children.

We consider our records as confidential based on the sensitivity of information, such as with employment records. These confidential records are maintained with regard to the framework of the Data Protection Act (1998) and the Human Rights Act (1998).

This policy and procedure should be read alongside our Confidentiality and Client Access to Records Policy and Information Sharing Policy.

Procedures

All records are the responsibility of our management team who ensure they are kept securely.

All our records are kept in an orderly way in files and filing is kept up-to-date.

Our financial records are kept up-to-date for audit purposes.

We maintain health and safety records; these include risk assessments, details of checks or inspections and guidance etc.

Our Ofsted registration certificate is displayed.

Our Public Liability insurance certificate is displayed.

All our employment and staff records are kept securely and confidentially.

We notify Ofsted of any:

change in the address of our premises;

change to our premises which may affect the space available to us or the quality of childcare we provide;
change to the name and address of our registered provider;
change to the person managing our provision;
significant event which is likely to affect our suitability to look after children; or
other event as detailed in the *Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage* (DfE 2017 Section 3.77).

10.7 Transfer of records to school

Policy statement

We recognise that children sometimes move to another early years setting before they go on to school, although many will leave our setting to enter a nursery or reception class.

We prepare children for these transitions and involve parents and the receiving setting or school in this process. We prepare records about a child's development and learning in the Early Years Foundation Stage in our setting; in order to enable smooth transitions, we share appropriate information with the receiving setting or school at transfer.

Confidential records are shared where there have been child protection concerns according to the process required by our Local Safeguarding Children Board.

The procedure guides this process and determines what information we can and cannot share with a receiving school or setting.

Procedures

Transfer of development records for a child moving to another early years setting or school

Using the *Early Outcomes* (DfE 2013) guidance and our assessment of children's development and learning, the key person will prepare a summary of achievements in the seven areas of learning and development.

The record refers to:

any additional language spoken by the child and his or her progress in both languages;
any additional needs that have been identified or addressed by our setting;
any special needs or disability, whether a CAF was raised in respect of special needs or disability, whether there is a Statement of Special Educational Needs, and the name of the lead professional.

The record contains a summary by the key person and a summary of the parent's view of the child.

The document may be accompanied by other evidence, such as photos or drawings that the child has made.

When a child transfers to a school, we provide an assessment summary which is a transition record and that is provided to the receiving school.

Transfer of confidential information

The receiving school or setting will need to have a record of any safeguarding or child protection concerns that were raised in our setting and what was done about them.

We will make a summary of the concerns to send to the receiving setting or school, along with the date of the last professional meeting or case conference. Some Local Safeguarding Children Boards will stipulate the forms to be used and provide these for us to use.

Where a CAF has been raised in respect of any welfare concerns, we will pass the name and contact details of the lead professional on to the receiving setting or school.

Where there has been a s47 investigation regarding a child protection concern, we will pass the name and contact details of the child's social worker on to the receiving setting or school – regardless of the outcome of the investigation.

We post or take the information to the school or setting, ensuring it is addressed to the setting or school's designated person for child protection and marked as 'confidential'.

We do not pass any other documentation from the child's personal file to the receiving setting or school.

10.8 Confidentiality and client access to records

Policy statement

'Confidential information is information that is not normally in the public domain or readily available from another source, it should have a degree of sensitivity and value and be subject to a duty of confidence. A duty of confidence arises when one person provides information to another in circumstances where it is reasonable to expect that the information will be held in confidence.'

In our setting, staff and managers can be said to have a 'confidential relationship' with families. It is our intention to respect the privacy of children and their parents and carers, while ensuring that they access high quality early years care and education in our setting. We aim to ensure that all parents and carers can share their information in the confidence that it will only be used to enhance the welfare of their children. We have record keeping systems in place that meet legal requirements; the means that we use to store and share that information takes place within the framework of the Data Protection Act (1998) and the Human Rights Act (1998).

Confidentiality procedures

Most things that happen between the family, the child and the setting are confidential to our setting. In exceptional circumstances information is shared, for example with other professionals or possibly social care or the police.

Information shared with other agencies is done in line with our Information Sharing Policy. We always check whether parents regard the information they share with us to be confidential or not.

Some parents may share information about themselves with other parents as well as with our staff; we cannot be held responsible if information is shared by those parents whom the person has 'confided' in.

Information shared between parents in a discussion or training group is usually bound by a shared agreement that the information is confidential to the group and not discussed outside of it. We are not responsible should that confidentiality be breached by participants.

We inform parents when we need to record confidential information beyond the general personal information we keep (see our Children's Records Policy) - for example with regard to any injuries, concerns or changes in relation to the child or the family, any discussions with parents on sensitive matters, any records we are obliged to keep regarding action taken in respect of child protection and any contact and correspondence with external agencies in relation to their child.

We keep all records securely (see our Children's Records Policy).

Most information is kept in a manual file. However, our staff may use a computer to type reports, or letters. Where this is the case, the typed document is deleted from the PC and only the hard copy kept. We do not keep electronic records on children, other than the register and financial data.

Where it is helpful to keep an electronic copy, we download it onto a disc, labelled with the child's name and kept securely in the child's file. No documents are kept on the hard drive. This is because the settings' PC's do not have facilities for confidential user folders.

Our staff discuss children's general progress and well-being together in meetings, but more sensitive information is restricted to our manager and the child's key person, and is shared with other staff on a need to know basis.

We do not discuss children with staff who are not involved in the child's care, nor with other parents or anyone else outside of the setting.

Our discussions with other professionals take place within a professional framework and not on an informal or ad-hoc basis.

Where third parties share information about an individual us; our practitioners and managers check if it is confidential, both in terms of the party sharing the information and of the person whom the information concerns.

Client access to records procedures

Parents may request access to any confidential records we hold on their child and family following the procedure below:

The parent is the 'subject' of the file in the case where a child is too young to give 'informed consent' and has a right to see information that our setting has compiled on them.

Any request to see the child's personal file by a parent or person with parental responsibility must be made in writing to the setting manager.

We acknowledge the request in writing, informing the parent that an arrangement will be made for him/her to see the file contents, subject to third party's consent.

Our written acknowledgement allows 40 working days for the file to be made ready.

The nursery manager informs the directors and legal advice may be sought before sharing a file.

The nursery manager goes through the file with the director and ensures that all documents have been filed correctly, that entries are in date order and that there are no

missing pages. They note any information, entry or correspondence or other document which mentions a third party.

We write to each of those individuals explaining that the subject has requested sight of the file, which contains a reference to them, stating what this is.

They are asked to reply in writing to the nursery manager giving or refusing consent for disclosure of that material.

We keep copies of these letters and their replies on the child's file.

'Third parties' include each family member noted on the file; so where there are separate entries pertaining to each parent, step parent, grandparent etc, we write to each of them to request third party consent.

Third parties also include workers from any other agency, including children's social care and the health authority for example. Agencies will normally refuse consent to share information, preferring instead for the parent to be redirected to those agencies for a request to see their file held by that agency.

Members of our staff should also be written to, but we reserve the right under the legislation to override a refusal for consent or to just delete the name of the staff member and not the information. We may grant refusal if the member of staff has provided information that could be considered 'sensitive' and the staff member may be in danger if that information is disclosed; or if that information is the basis of a police investigation. However, if the information is not sensitive, then it is not in our interest to withhold that information from a parent. In each case this should be discussed with members of staff and decisions recorded.

When we have received all the consents/refusals the nursery manager takes a photocopy of the complete file. On the copy of the file, the nursery manager removes any information that a third party has refused consent for us to disclose and blank out any references to the third party, and any information they have added to the file, using a thick marker pen. The copy file is then checked by the director and possibly legal advisors to verify that the file has been prepared appropriately.

What remains is the information recorded by the setting, detailing the work initiated and followed by them in relation to confidential matters. This is called the 'clean copy'.

We photocopy the 'clean copy' again and collate it for the parent to see.

The nursery manager informs the parent that the file is now ready and invites him/ her to make an appointment to view it.

The nursery manager and director meet with the parent to go through the file, explaining the process as well as what the content of the file records about the child and the work

that has been done. Only the person(s) with parental responsibility can attend that meeting, or the parent's legal representative or interpreter.

The parent may take a copy of the prepared file away; but, to ensure it is properly explained to and understood by the parent, we never hand it over without discussion.

It is an offence to remove material that is controversial or to rewrite records to make them more acceptable. Our recording procedures and guidelines ensure that the material reflects an accurate and non-judgemental account of the work we have done with the family.

If a parent feels aggrieved about any entry in the file, or the resulting outcome, then we refer the parent to our complaints procedure.

The law requires that the information we hold must be accurate. If a parent says that the information we hold is inaccurate, then the parent has a right to request for it to be changed. However, this only pertains to factual inaccuracies. Where the disputed entry is a matter of opinion, professional judgement, or represents a different view of the matter than that held by the parent, we retain the right not to change that entry, but we can record the parent's view of the matter. In most cases, we would have given a parent the opportunity at the time to state their side of the matter, and it would have been recorded there and then.

If there are any controversial aspects of the content of a child's file, we must seek legal advice. This might be where there is a court case between parents, where social care or the police may be considering legal action, or where a case has already completed and an appeal process is underway.

We never 'under-record' for fear of the parent seeing, nor do we make 'personal notes' elsewhere.

Telephone advice regarding general queries may be made to The Information Commissioner's Office Helpline 0303 123 1113.

All the undertakings above are subject to the paramount commitment of our setting, which is to the safety and well-being of the child. Please see also our policy on Safeguarding Children and Child Protection.

10.9 Information sharing

'Practitioners need to understand their organisation's position and commitment to information sharing. They need to have confidence in the continued support of their organisation where they have used their professional judgement and shared information professionally.'

Policy statement

We recognise that parents have a right to know that the information they share with us will be regarded as confidential, as well as to be informed about the circumstances when, and the reasons why, we are obliged to share information.

We are obliged to share confidential information without authorisation from the person who provided it, or to whom it relates, if it is in the public interest. That is when: it is to prevent a crime from being committed or to intervene where one may have been, or to prevent harm to a child or adult; or not sharing it could be worse than the outcome of having shared it.

The decision should never be made as an individual, but with the back-up of the management team. The three critical criteria are:

Where there is evidence that the child is suffering, or is at risk of suffering, significant harm.

Where there is reasonable cause to believe that a child may be suffering, or is at risk of suffering, significant harm.

To prevent significant harm arising to children and young people or adults, including the prevention, detection and prosecution of serious crime.

Procedures

Our procedure is based on the seven golden rules for information sharing as set out in https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/419628/Information_sharing_advice_safeguarding_practitioners.pdf

Remember that the Data Protection Act is not a barrier to sharing information but provides a framework to ensure that personal information about living persons is shared appropriately.

Our policy and procedures on Information Sharing provide guidance to appropriate sharing of information [both within the setting, as well as] with external agencies.

Be open and honest with the person (and/or their family where appropriate) from the outset about why, what, how and with whom information will, or could be shared, and seek their agreement, unless it is unsafe or inappropriate to do so.

In our setting we ensure parents:

receive information about our Information Sharing Policy when starting their child in the setting and that they sign our Registration Form and nursery agreement to say that they understand the circumstances in which information may be shared without their consent.

This will only be when it is a matter of safeguarding a child;

have information about our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy; and have information about the other circumstances when information will be shared with external agencies, for example, with regard to any special needs the child may have or transition to school.

Seek advice if you are in any doubt, without disclosing the identity of the person where possible.

Our staff discuss concerns about a child routinely in supervision and any actions are recorded in the child's file.

The nursery manager routinely seeks advice and support from their line manager about possible significant harm.

Our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy sets out the duty of all members of our staff to refer concerns to our manager or deputy, as designated person, who will contact children's social care for advice where they have doubts or are unsure.

The nursery managers seek advice if they need to share information without consent to disclose.

Share with consent where appropriate and, where possible, respect the wishes of those who do not consent to share confidential information. You may still share information without consent if, in your judgement, that lack of consent can be overridden in the public interest. You will need to base your judgement on the facts of the case.

We base decisions to share information without consent on judgements about the facts of the case and whether it is 'in the public interest'.

Our guidelines for consent are part of this procedure.

The nursery manager is conversant with this and she is able to advise staff accordingly.

Consider safety and well-being: Base your information sharing decisions on considerations of the safety and well-being of the person and others who may be affected by their actions.

In our setting we:

record concerns and discuss these with our designated person and/or designated officer from the management team for child protection matters;

record decisions made and the reasons why information will be shared and to whom; and

follow the procedures for reporting concerns and record keeping as set out in our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy.

Necessary, proportionate, relevant, accurate, timely and secure: Ensure that the information you share is necessary for the purpose for which you are sharing it, is shared only with those people who need to have it, is accurate and up-to-date, is shared in a timely fashion, and is shared securely.

Our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy and Children's Records Policy set out how and where information should be recorded and what information should be shared with another agency when making a referral.

Keep a record of your decision and the reasons for it – whether it is to share information or not. If you decide to share, then record what you have shared, with whom and for what purpose.

Where information is shared, we record the reasons for doing so in the child's file; where it is decided that information is not to be shared that is recorded too.

Consent

When parents choose our setting for their child, they will share information about themselves and their families. This information is regarded as confidential. Parents have a

right to be informed that we will seek their consent to share information in most cases, as well as the kinds of circumstances when we may not seek their consent, or may override their refusal to give consent. We inform them as follows:

Our policies and procedures set out our responsibility regarding gaining consent to share information and when it may not be sought or overridden.

We may cover this verbally when the child starts or include this in our prospectus.

Parents sign our Registration Form and nursery agreement at registration to confirm that they understand this.

We ask parents to give written consent to share information about any additional needs their child may have, or to pass on child development summaries to the next provider/school.

We give parents copies of the forms they sign.

We consider the following questions when we need to share:

Is there legitimate purpose to us sharing the information?

Does the information enable the person to be identified?

Is the information confidential?

If the information is confidential, do we have consent to share?

Is there a statutory duty or court order requiring us to share the information?

If consent is refused, or there are good reasons for us not to seek consent, is there sufficient public interest for us to share information?

If the decision is to share, are we sharing the right information in the right way?

Have we properly recorded our decision?

Consent must be *informed* - that is the person giving consent needs to understand why information will be shared, what will be shared, who will see information, the purpose of sharing it and the implications for them of sharing that information.

Consent may be *explicit*, verbally but preferably in writing, or *implicit*, implied if the context is such that sharing information is an intrinsic part of our service or it has been explained and agreed at the outset.

We explain our Information Sharing Policy to parents.

Separated parents

Consent to share need only be sought from one parent. Where parents are separated, this would normally be the parent with whom the child resides. Where there is a dispute, we will consider this carefully.

Where the child is looked after, we may also need to consult the Local Authority, as 'corporate parent' before information is shared.

All the undertakings above are subject to our paramount commitment, which is to the safety and well-being of the child. Please also see our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy.

10.10 *Working in partnership with other agencies*

Policy statement

We work in partnership with local and national agencies to promote the well-being of all children.

Procedures

We work in partnership, or in tandem, with local and national agencies to promote the well-being of children.

We have procedures in place for the sharing of information about children and families with other agencies. These are set out in our Information Sharing Policy, Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy and the Supporting Children with Special Educational Needs Policy.

Information shared by other agencies with us is regarded as third party information. This is also kept in confidence and not shared without consent from that agency.

When working in partnership with staff from other agencies, we make those individuals welcome in our setting and respect their professional roles.

We follow the protocols for working with agencies, for example on child protection.

We ensure that staff from other agencies do not have unsupervised access to the child they are visiting in the setting and do not have access to any other child(ren) during their visit.

Our staff do not casually share information or seek informal advice about any named child/family.

When necessary, we consult with and signpost to local and national agencies who offer a wealth of advice and information that help us to develop our understanding of the issues facing us and who can provide support and information for parents. For example, ethnic/cultural organisations, drug/alcohol agencies, welfare rights advisors or organisations promoting childcare and education, or adult education.

10.11 *Making a complaint*

Policy statement

We believe that children and parents are entitled to expect courtesy and prompt, careful attention to their needs and wishes. We welcome suggestions on how to improve our setting and will give prompt and serious attention to any concerns about the running of the setting. We anticipate that most concerns will be resolved quickly, by an informal approach with the appropriate member of staff. If this does not achieve the desired result, we have a set of procedures for dealing with concerns. We aim to bring all concerns about the running of our setting to a satisfactory conclusion for all of the parties involved.

Procedures

All settings are required to keep a written record of any complaints that reach stage two and above, and their outcome. This is to be made available to parents, as well as to Ofsted inspectors on request. A full procedure is set out in the Pre-school Learning Alliance publication Complaint Investigation Record (2012) which acts as the 'summary log' for this purpose.

Making a complaint

Stage 1

Any parent who has a concern about an aspect of our setting's provision talks over his/her concerns with the nursery manager first of all.

Most complaints should be resolved amicably and informally at this stage.

We record the issue, and how it was resolved, in the child's file.

Stage 2

If this does not have a satisfactory outcome, or if the problem recurs, the parent moves to this stage of the procedure by putting the concerns or complaint in writing.

For parents who are not comfortable with making written complaints, there is a template form for recording complaints in the Complaint Investigation Record; the form may be completed by the nursery manager and signed by the parent.

The nursery setting stores all information relating to written complaints from parents in the child's personal file. However, if the complaint involves a detailed investigation, the manager may wish to store all information relating to the investigation in a separate file designated for this complaint.

When the investigation into the complaint is completed, our manager meets with the parent to discuss the outcome.

We inform parents of the outcome of the investigation within 28 days of him/her making the complaint.

When the complaint is resolved at this stage, we log the summative points in our Complaint Investigation Record, which is made available to Ofsted on request.

Stage 3

If the parent is not satisfied with the outcome of the investigation, he or she requests a meeting with our manager and the director. The parent may have a friend or partner present if they prefer and our manager should have the support of the director.

An agreed written record of the discussion is made, as well as any decision or action to take as a result. All of the parties present at the meeting sign the record and receive a copy of it.

This signed record signifies that the procedure has concluded. When the complaint is resolved at this stage, we log the summative points in our Complaint Investigation Record.

Stage 4

If at the stage three meeting the parent cannot reach agreement with us, we invite an external mediator to help to settle the complaint. This person should be acceptable to both parties, listen to both sides and offer advice. A mediator has no legal powers, but can help

us to define the problem, review the action so far and suggest further ways in which it might be resolved.

Staff or volunteers within the Pre-school Learning Alliance are appropriate persons to be invited to act as mediators.

The mediator keeps all discussions confidential. S/he can hold separate meetings with our staff and the parent, if this is decided to be helpful. The mediator keeps an agreed written record of any meetings that are held and of any advice s/he gives.

Stage 5

When the mediator has concluded her/his investigations, a final meeting between the parent and our manager and director is held. The purpose of this meeting is to reach a decision on the action to be taken to deal with the complaint. The mediator's advice is used to reach this conclusion. The mediator is present at the meeting if all parties think this will help a decision to be reached.

A record of this meeting, including the decision on the action to be taken, is made.

Everyone present at the meeting signs the record and receives a copy of it. This signed record signifies that the procedure has concluded.

The role of the Office for Standards in Education, Children's Services and Skills (Ofsted) and the Local

Safeguarding Children Board

Parents may approach Ofsted directly at any stage of this complaints procedure. In addition, where there seems to be a possible breach of the setting's registration requirements, it is essential to involve Ofsted as the registering and inspection body with a duty to ensure the Safeguarding and Welfare Requirements of the Early Years Foundation Stage are adhered to.

Parents can complain to Ofsted by telephone or in writing at:

Ofsted National Business Unit, Piccadilly Gate, Store Street, Manchester M1 2WD

Tel: 0300 123 1231

<https://contact.ofsted.gov.uk/onlinecomplaints>

These details are displayed on our setting's notice board.

If a child appears to be at risk, we follow the procedures of the Local Safeguarding Children Board.

In these cases, both the parent and our setting are informed and our manager work with Ofsted or the Local Safeguarding Children Board to ensure a proper investigation of the complaint, followed by appropriate action.

Records

A record of complaints in relation to our setting, or the children or the adults working in our setting, is kept for at least three years; including the date, the circumstances of the complaint and how the complaint was managed.

The outcome of all complaints is recorded in our Complaint Investigation Record, which is available for parents and Ofsted inspectors to view on request.

10.14 Privacy Policy

Policy statement

This is our policy regarding personal information we collect. We want to reassure about our privacy and security of personal information. Keren's Nursery is registered with the ICO (Information Commissioner's Office). We are happy to supply details of what personal information we hold to the persons it belongs to. If any of the information we hold is inaccurate we can amend it. We hold all our customers personal information for a period of three years after their child left the nursery after which we destroy it.

How we store information

Any personal information we are provided is regarded as sensitive and is kept secure and only used for the intended purpose of the usual operation of the nursery and it is never passed to any third party with the exception of relevant government agencies. It is never used for marketing purposes other than strictly for nursery related purposes. All digital information is contained on password protected computers and hard drives. Hard copy materials are stored in locked cupboard units.

Lawful basis for data processing

Our lawful basis for data processing is necessary for the purpose of the nursery operating within its legal requirements and for the nursery's duty of care towards children and families.

How we communicate

We receive personal information from our parents as part of the regular registration process as a condition to accepting a new child to the nursery. We then use this personal information such as email and telephone numbers to contact our parents in order to communicate nursery related information. Should parents not wish to receive some of our information communication they are able to opt out using a form that has been handed to them. However, as the nursery never uses personal information for purely marketing purposes but rather for the exchange of important information with families it is highly advisable to keep this type of communication open.

How we process payments

We only accept nursery payments via a Direct Debit Mandate or as a bank wire transfer if fees are paid for a term in advance. As part of our Direct Debit payment process we store your bank account details on your signed DD mandate in a locked cupboard and a copy of it is stored digitally on a password protected computer system.

We never share your personal bank details with any third party and it is destroyed as soon as your child leaves the nursery and all its nursery payments have been settled.

Changes to our privacy policy

We reserve the right to amend or update our privacy policy from time to time without prior notice, in particular in relation to new legislation.

In the event that there is a major change to the Keren's Nursery privacy policy, a notice will be provided to all parents informing of the changes. If the changes will involve the use of your personal information, the notice will contain instructions on how parents can opt out of such use.